

Inverter/charger

User Manual



HP3522-AH1250P20SA HP3542-AH0650P20SA HP5542-AH1050P20SA

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Important Safety Instructions

Please reserve this manual for future review.

This manual contains all the safety, installation, and operation instructions for the HP-AHP20SA series inverter/charger ("inverter/charger" referred to as this manual).

1. Explanation of symbols

To enable users to use the product efficiently and ensure personal and property safety, please read the related words carefully when you encounter the following symbols in the manual.

Symbol	Definition
Tip	Indicates any practical advice for reference
0	IMPORTANT: Indicates a critical tip during the operation, if ignored, may cause the device to run in error.
<u> </u>	CAUTION: Indicates potential hazards, if not avoided, may cause the device damage.
4	WARNING: Indicates the danger of electric shock, if not avoided, would cause casualties.
	WARNING HOT SURFACE: Indicates the risk of high temperature, if not avoided, would cause scalds.
[]i	Read the user manual carefully before any operation.



The entire system should be installed by professional and technical personnel.

2. Requirements for professional and technical personnel

- · Professionally trained.
- · Familiar with related safety specifications for the electrical system.
- · Read this manual carefully and master related safety cautions.

3. Professional and technical personnel is allowed to do

- · Install the inverter/charger to a specified location.
- Conduct trial operations for the inverter/charger.
- · Operate and maintain the inverter/charger.

4. Safety cautions before installation

CAUTION	When receiving the inverter/charger, please check if there is any damage in transportation. If you find any problem, please contact the transportation company or our company in time.
CAUTION	When installing or moving the inverter/charger, follow the instructions in the manual. When installing the inverter/charger, end-users must evaluate whether the operation area exists arc danger.
WARNING	Keep the inverter/charger out of the reach of children.

Before installation, confirm the inverter/charger has no electrical connection.
Ensure enough heat dissipation space for the inverter/charger before installation.
Do not install the inverter/charger in humid, salt spray, corrosion, greasy,

flammable, explosive, dust accumulative, or other severe environments.

5. Safety cautions for mechanical installation

WARNING

6. Safety cauti	ons for electrical connection
CAUTION	Check whether wiring connections are tight to avoid the danger of heat accumulation due to loose connections. The inverter/charger shell shall be connected to the ground. The cross-section of the connection wire should not be less than 4mm² A fast-acting fuse or breaker, whose rated current is twice the inverter/charger rated input current, should be used between the battery and the inverter/charger. DO NOT put the inverter/charger close to the flooded lead-acid battery because the sparkle in the terminals may ignite the hydrogen released by the battery.
WARNING	Do NOT connect the inverter/charger to another power source or Utility. Otherwise, the inverter/charger will be damaged. The AC output terminal is only for the load connection, turn off the inverter/charger when connecting loads. It is strictly forbidden to connect a transformer or a load with a surge power (VA) exceeding the overload power at the AC output port. Otherwise, damage will be caused to the inverter/charger. Both the utility input and AC output are of high voltage, do not touch the wiring connection to avoid electric shock.

7. Safety cautions for inverter/charger operation



WARNING HOT SURFACE When the inverter/charger works, the shell will generate much heat, and the temperature is very high. Please do not touch it, and keep it far from the equipment susceptible to high temperature.



- When the inverter/charger is working, please do not open the inverter/charger cabinet to operate.
- When eliminating the fault that affects the safety performance of the inverter/charger or disconnecting the DC input, turn off the inverter/charger switch and operate it after the LCD is completely OFF.

8. The dangerous operations would cause an electric arc, fire, or explosion.

- Touch the wire end that hasn't been insulation treated and may be electriferous.
- Touch the wiring copper row, terminals, or internal devices that may be electriferous.
- The connection of the power cable is loose.
- Screw or other spare parts inadvertently falls into the inverter/charger.
- · Improper operations are carried out by untrained non-professional or technical personnel.



Once an accident occurs, it must be handled by professional and technical personnel. Improper operations would cause more serious accidents.

9. Safety cautions for stopping the inverter/charger

- · First, turn off the AC output and disconnect the utility input breakers. Then, turn off the DC switch.
- After the input and output wires are disconnected for ten minutes, the internal conductive modules can be touched.
- No maintenance parts in the inverter/charger. If maintenance service is required, please get in touch
 with our after-sales service personnel.



Do NOT touch or open the shell after the inverter/charger is powered off within ten minutes.

10. Safety cautions for inverter/charger maintenance

- It is recommended to check the inverter/charger with testing equipment to ensure there is no voltage
 or current on the terminals and cables.
- When conducting the electrical connection and maintenance, post a temporary warning sign or put
 up barriers to prevent unrelated personnel from entering the electrical connection or maintenance
 area.

- Improper maintenance of the inverter/charger may cause personal injury or equipment damage;
- It is recommended to wear an antistatic wrist strap or avoid unnecessary contact with the circuit board



The safety mark, warning label, and nameplate on the inverter/charger should be visible, not removed or covered.

11. Working temperature

- Working temperature range: -20°C to +50°C (when the working temperature exceeds 30°C, the charging power and load power will be reduced appropriately. 100% load output is not supported.)
- Storage temperature range: -25°C to +60°C (No sharp temperature changing)
- Relative humidity: < 95% (Non-condensing)
- Altitude: < 4000m (If the altitude exceeds 2000 meters, the actual output power is reduced appropriately.)

The inverter/charger is strictly prohibited from being used in the following places. And our company shall not be liable for any damage caused by being used in an inappropriate place.



- Do not install the inverter/charger in humid, salt spray, corrosion, greasy, flammable, explosive, dust accumulative, or other severe environments. Avoid direct sunlight and rain infiltration when installing it outdoors.
- DO NOT install the inverter/charger and flooded lead-acid battery in a sealed space. Otherwise, a fire may cause when the terminals produce sparks, and it ignites the flammable gas released by the battery.

Disclaimers

The warranty does not apply to the following conditions:

- Damage caused by improper use or inappropriate environment (it is forbidden to install the
 inverter/charger in humid, salt spray, corrosion, greasy, flammable, explosive, dust accumulative, or
 other severe environments).
- The actual current/voltage/power exceeds the limit value of the inverter/charger.
- · Damage caused by working temperature exceeding the rated range.
- Arc, fire, explosion, and other accidents caused by failure to follow the inverter/charger stickers or manual instructions.
- · Unauthorized dismantling or attempted repair.
- · Damage caused by force majeure.
- Damage occurred during transportation or handling.

1 General Information

1.1 Overview

HP-AHP20SA series, upgraded hybrid inverter/chargers that support utility charging, oil generator charging, solar charging, utility output, inverter output, and energy management. It supports parallel operation for multiple units (12 units in standard application, more than 12 units need to be customized) in single phase and three phase, with 220VAC single phase or 380VAC three phase AC output.

The DSP chip in the product with an advanced control algorithm brings high response speed and conversion efficiency. In addition, this product adopts an industrial design to ensure high reliability and features multiple charging and output modes.

Adopt the Three-stage charging method (Bulk Charging, Constant Charging, and Float Charging) to ensure battery safety.

The large lattice LCD screen shows the operational status and full parameters.

The communication interface with the standard Modbus protocol allows end-users to expand their applications and is suitable for different monitoring requirements.

The new optimized MPPT tracking technology can fast-track the PV array's maximum power point in any sunlight conditions and obtain the maximum energy in real time. Two PV input (connect separately or connect in parallel) is supported, which improves the PV utilization.

Adopting the advanced control algorithm, the AC to DC charging process brings the full digital PFC and dual closed-loop voltage-current control. It enables the input power factor close to 1 and improves the control accuracy.

The fully smart digital DC to AC inverting process adopts the advanced SPWM technology, outputs a pure sine wave, and converts the DC power to AC power. It is suitable for household appliances, power tools, industrial equipment, audio systems, and other electronics.

End-users can choose energy sources according to actual needs to maximize solar energy utilization and flexibly take the Utility as a supplement in the hybrid system. This inverter/charger provides high-quality, high-stability, and high-reliability electric energy to the end-users by improving the solar system's power supply efficiency.

Features

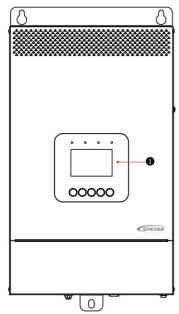
- · Full intelligent digital energy storage equipment.
- · Support battery mode or non-battery mode.

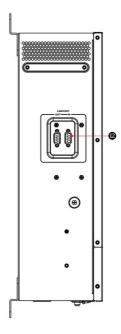
- · Non-battery mode: simultaneously charging with solar (Main) and Utility (Assist).
- · Advanced SPWM technology and pure sine wave output.
- Parallel operation in single phase or three phase for 12 units in standard application^①
- PFC technology reduces the demand on the power grid capacity.
- Advanced MPPT technology, with maximum tracking efficiency higher than 99.5%.
- HP5542-AH1050P20SA supports two PV inputs to improve PV utilization^②.
- Supports charging from multiple types of generators³.
- · Battery voltage controls the dry contact to turn on/off the external equipment.
- · Battery charging or discharging current limit to compatible with different types of batteries.
- · Maximum utility charging current settings to flexibly configure utility charging power.
- With the function of historical data recording ⁽⁴⁾, up to 25000, the interval of 15 minutes can be recorded for half a year (the interval time of 1 second to 3600 seconds settable)
- · Multiple LED indicators show system status in real-time.
- · One-button control of AC output.
- · Large size LCD display for better status monitoring.
- RS485 communication interface with optional WiFi, TCP, or 4G modules for remote monitoring.
- · With a built-in Bluetooth module, and the inverter/charger can be remotely monitored through the APP.
- · Three-stage charging method to ensure battery safety.
- · Lithium battery communication port to perform the safe charging and discharging.
- · Comprehensive electronic protection.
- -20°C to +50°C operating temperature range to meets more environment requirements.
- (1) More than 12 units need to be customized.
- ② Only the HP5542-AH1050P20SA supports two PV input function, which realizes single MPPT tracking or two parallel MPPTs tracking, and increase the PV maximum input current. When two PV arrays are independently input, set the "PV mode" as "ALL SINGLE." When two PV arrays connected in parallel to one access to the inverter/charger (the PV terminals of the inverter/charger need to be paralleled externally), set the "PV mode" as "ALL MULTIPLE." When there is only one PV array, the "PV mode" is "ALL SINGLE" by default. The "ALL MULTIPLE" is invalid.
- ③ When connecting a non-inverter generator, the charging current maybe cannot reach the rated power. It is recommended to connect an inverter generator. And when using the generator, the "AC Input mode" needs to be set to the "Generator." For specific setting, refer to chapter 2.5.1 Parameters list.

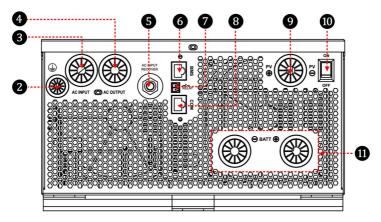
The contents of each historical record include: Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minutes, Seconds, PV Maximum Voltage(V), PV Power(W), Utility Voltage(V), Utility Current(A), Utility Frequency(Hz), Utility Power(W), Load Voltage(V), Load Current(A), Load Power(W), Inverter Frequency(Hz), Battery Voltage(V), Battery Current(A), Battery SOC(%), Battery Temperature (°C), Boost Module Temperature(°C), INV Module Temperature(°C), Maximum BAT Volt(V), Minimum BAT Volt(V).

1.2 Appearance

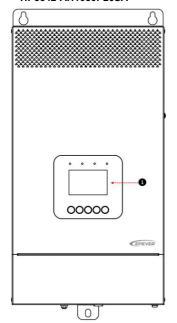
HP3522-AH1250P20SA / HP3542-AH0650P20SA

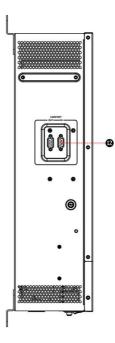


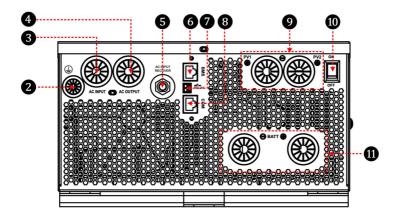




HP5542-AH1050P20SA







No.	Instruction	No.	Instruction
0	LCD (see chapter 2)	0	Dry contact interface ⁽²⁾
2	Grounding terminal	8	RS485 port (RJ45, with isolation design) ⁽³⁾ 5VDC/200mA
8	AC input port	9	PV terminals
4	AC output port	0	Power switch
6	Utility over-current protector	•	Battery terminals
6	BMS port(RJ45, with isolation design) ⁽¹⁾	®	Parallel connection interface ⁽⁴⁾

(1) This inverter charger integrates BMS-Link module, different lithium battery manufacturers' BMS protocols can be converted into our company's standard BMS protocol. In addition, it realizes the communication between the inverter/charger and the BMS. Pin definition for the BMS port (RJ45):



Pin	Pin Definition		Definition
1	+5VDC	5	RS485-A
2	+5VDC	6	RS485-A
3	RS485-B	7	GND
4	RS485-B	8	GND

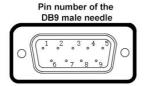
Tip

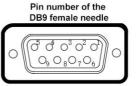
Please go to EPEVER official website to check or download the currently supported BMS manufacturers and the BMS parameters.

(2) Dry contact specification: 1A@125VAC.

Function: The dry contact interface is connected with the generator switch to turn on/off the generator.

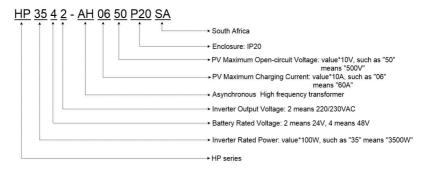
- (3) Connecting with the RS485 port, an optional WiFi, TCP, or 4G module can remote control the inverter/charger. Pin definition for the RS485 port is the same as the BMS port, see description in above section (1).
- (4) Pin definition for the parallel connection interface:





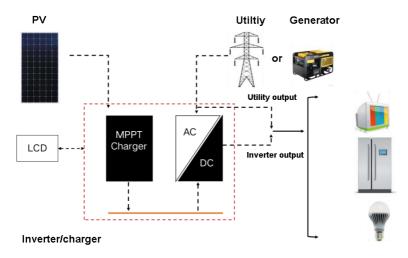
Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	HFS-BUS	4	CAN-L
2	PFS-BUS	5	CAN-H
3	PS-GND	6/7/8/9	Reserved

1.3 Naming rules

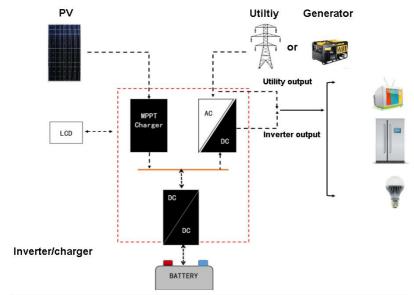


1.4 Connection diagram

No battery mode



Battery mode





WARNING

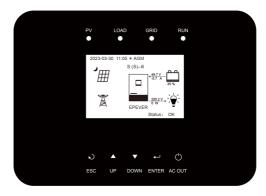
 $\label{eq:AC loads} \mbox{ AC loads shall be determined according to the output power of the inverter/charger.}$

The load exceeding the maximum output power may damage the inverter/charger.



- For different battery types, confirm the relevant parameters before power on.
- There are many types of oil generators with complex output conditions, which
 must be tested before use. It is necessary to undergo on-site no-load trial
 operation testing to confirm that the voltage and frequency fluctuations are within
 the allowable range of the equipment before use.

2 Interface



Note: The display screen can be viewed clearly when the angle between the end-user's horizontal sight and the display screen is within 90°. If the angle exceeds 90°, the information on the display screen cannot be viewed clearly.

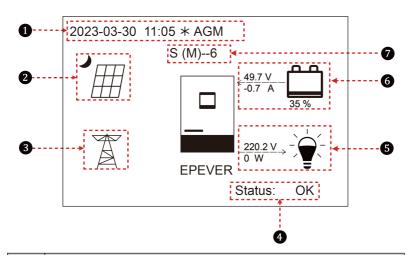
2.1 Indicator

Indicator	Status	Instruction		
	OFF	No PV input		
PV	Green ON	PV normal		
	Red ON	PV charging fault (PV1/PV2 over voltage)		
	OFF	No inverter output		
	Green ON	Inverter, charging, and bypass are normal		
LOAD	Red ON	Inverter fault (inverter over current/over voltage/under		
	Red ON	voltage, output short-circuit, and over load)		
	OFF	No utility input		
	Green ON	Utility normal		
GRID	Green flashing (1Hz)	Oil generator charging		
	Red ON	Utility charging fault (Utility over voltage/ over current/under		
		voltage/frequency abnormal)		
BUN	Green flashing (1Hz)	Normal communication		
RUN	Red flashing (1Hz)	Communication fault		

2.2 Buttons

Buttons	Operation	Instruction	
ESC	Click	Exit the current interface. Switch from the "home screen" to the "Main Table Data Information" screen.	
■ ▼ UP , DOWN	Click	Browse interface: Up/Down. Parameters setting interface: Increase or decrease the parameter value per step size.	
or / Down	Press and hold	Parameters setting interface: Increase or decrease the parameter value per 10 times the step size.	
↓ ↓ ENTER	Click	Click on the Home screen to enter the real-time data screen Click on the parameter browse interface to enter the parameter setting interface. Confirm the setting parameters.	
	Press and hold	Press and hold on the home screen to enter the password interface. After verifying the password, enter the parameter browse interface.	
Ó	Click	Click on the time or password setting interface to move the cursor left.	
AC OUT	Press and hold	Press and hold on the home screen to turn on/off the inverter output, the utility charging, or the utility bypass.	

2.3 Home screen



No.	Instruction
	Display the system time, current battery type, and charging stage. When the BMS
0	communication is normal, the icon BMS will be shown on the far right, while when it is
	abnormal, the icon BMS will be shown on the same position.
9	PV icon: PV connection is normal. No PV connection (or at night).
	Actual PV voltage / total PV power
8	Utility icon: Utility connection is normal. No utility connection.
	Utility input voltage / Utility input power
	Status: When there are no faults, it displays "OK." When faults occur, it displays the
4	minimum fault code.
	Note: On the home screen, click the "UP/DOWN" button to select the "Status" bar, and
	click the "ENTER" button to check the detailed fault.
6	Load icon: AC output is normal. No AC output.
	AC output voltage / AC output power
	Battery status: 4 The battery is discharging.
6	> The battery is being charged.

	Battery voltage / battery current / lithium battery real-time SOC (display "" without lithium			
	battery)			
0	Parallel status icon. It shows when there is two or more inverter/chargers connect in			
	parallel successfully, and it will not display on the single inverter/charger.			

★ When the PV array charges the battery, the equalizing charging is performed on the 28th of each month by default (the date can be modified).

· Parallel status icon name rule:

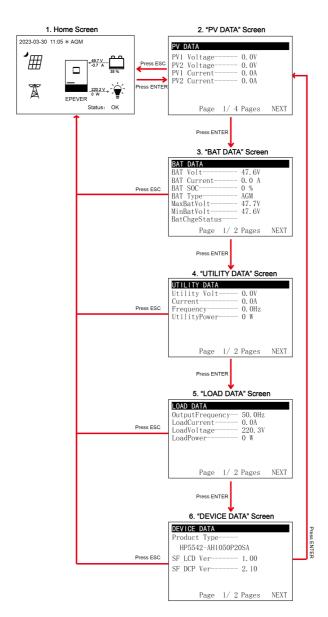


Note: The master and slave units are randomly defined.

2.4 Interface

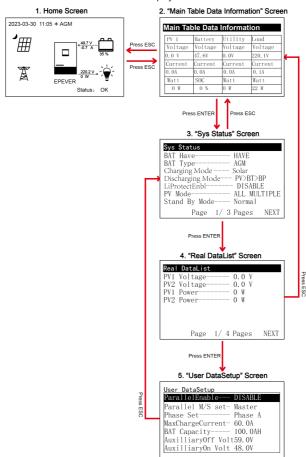
2.4.1 Real-time data interface

After powering on the inverter/charger, the home screen shows up. Click the "ENTER" button to enter the real-time data screen. Click the "ENTER" button to enter the next real-time screen, click the "UP/DOWN" button to browse all parameters on current screen, or click the "ESC" button to return the home screen.



2.4.2 User interface

After powering on the inverter/charger, the home screen shows up. Click the "ESC" button to enter the "Main Table Data Information" screen. Click the "ENTER" button to enter the next interface, or click the "UP/DOWN" button to browse the current screen display.



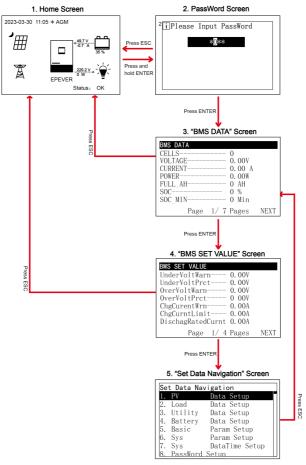
> "User Data Setup" interface

The end-users can modify common parameters on the "User Data Setup" interface without inputting the

password. The default parameters and setting range refer to chapter 2.4.3 Parameters list.

2.4.3 Administrator interface

After powering on the inverter/charger, the home screen shows up. Press and hold the "ENTER" button to enter the password interface. Input the password correctly (0000 by default) to check all parameters or modify them.



2.5 Parameters setting

2.5.1 Parameters list



Enter the "Set Data Navigation" interface according to chapter <u>2.4.3</u>
<u>Administrator interface</u>. Then click the "UP/DOWN" button to select navigation 1 – 9 for detail settings. Default parameters and setting ranges are shown in the following table.

Note: On the parameter setting interface, click the "UP/DOWN"

button to increase/decrease the parameter value by one step size (step size is the minimum unit to modify the parameter). Press and hold the "UP/DOWN" button to increase/decrease the parameter value by ten times the step size (Except for "BAT Capacity" and "Log Data Interval", these values will be increased/decreased by 100 times the step size). Press the "ENTER" button to confirm.

Parameters	Default	User define
1. PV Data Setup		
UnderVolProtect (PV Under	80.0V	User define: 80.0V to (PV Under Voltage Recover
Voltage Protect Voltage)	00.01	Voltage minus 5V), step size: 0.1V
		User define: 100.0V to 200.0V, or (PV Under Voltage
UnderVoltRecover (PV Under	100.0V	Protect Voltage plus 5V) to 200.0V, step size: 0.1V
Voltage Recover Voltage)	100.00	Note: Take the maximum value between 100.0V and
		(PV Under Voltage Protect Voltage plus 5V).
2. Load Data Setup		
OutputVoltLevel (Output voltage	220V	H define: 2201/ 2201/
level)	2200	User define: 220V, 230V
		User define: 50Hz, 60Hz
		Note: When the Utility power is connected and
		the Utility frequency is detected, the output
		frequency will be in accordance with the Utility
		frequency in the Utility bypass mode. For single
OutputFrequency	50Hz	inverter/charger, it will take effect immediately
(Output Frequency)	SUHZ	after the output frequency is changed. For the
		parallel connection, you must shut down the
		inverter/charger for 10s and then restart it for the
		modification to take effect (Enter into the Load
		Data Setup page again to check if the change has
		been changed).

Parameters	Default	User define
UnbalanceSet (Current unbalance set)	DISABLE	User define: DISABLE, ENABLE Note: The parameter will only take effect when used in three phase. After restoring to factory settings, the default value is the last modified value.
Phase Set	Single	User define: Single, Phase A, Phase B, Phase C Note: After phase set is changed, must turn off the inverter charger for 10 seconds before restarting. Enter into the Load Data Setup page again to check if the change has taken effect. After restoring to factory settings, the default value is the last modified value.
UnbalanceValue (Current unbalance value)	5A	User define: 0A to 6000A, step size 1A Note: The parameter will only take effect when used in three phase. When "UnbalanSet" is enabled, if current unbalance value between any two phases is higher than set value, the load output will be turned off automatically. After restoring to factory settings, the default value is the last modified value.
3. Utility Data Setup		the fact mountain value.
OverVoltDisconect (Utility over voltage disconnect voltage)	265.0V	User define:(Utility over voltage reconnect voltage plus 10V) to 285.0V, step size: 0.1V
OverVoltReconnect (Utility over voltage reconnect voltage)	255.0V	User define: 220.0V to (Utility over voltage disconnect voltage minus 10V), step size: 0.1V
Low Volt Disconct (Utility low voltage disconnect voltage)	175.0V	User define: 90.0V to (Utility low voltage reconnect voltage minus 10V), step size: 0.1V
LowVolt Reconnect (Utility low voltage reconnect voltage)	185.0V	User define: (Utility low voltage disconnect voltage plus 10V) to 220.0V, step size: 0.1V
OverFreqDisconnect (Utility over frequency disconnect)	70.0Hz	In the bypass state, when the actual utility input frequency is higher than this value, the inverter/charger will be switched to the inverter output state. User define: 52.0Hz to 70.0Hz, or (Utility under frequency disconnect plus 0.5Hz) to 70.0Hz, step size: 0.1Hz. Note: Take the maximum value between 52.0Hz and (Utility under frequency disconnect plus 0.5Hz).

Parameters	Default	User define
UnderFreqDisconct (Utility under frequency disconnect)	40.0Hz	In the bypass state, when the actual utility input frequency is lower than this value, the inverter/charger will be switched to the inverter output state. User define: 40.0Hz to 58.0Hz, or 40.0Hz to (Utility over frequency disconnect minus 0.5Hz), step size: 0.1Hz. Note: Take the minimum value between 58.0Hz and (Utility over frequency disconnect minus 0.5Hz).
	60.0A	User define: 5.0A to 60.0A for HP3542-AH0650P20SA, step size: 0.1A Namely, the maximum current at the battery end when the utility charges the battery.
MaxCharge Current (Max. Utility charging current)	100.0A	User define: 5.0A to 100.0A for HP5542-AH1050P20SA, step size: 0.1A Namely, the maximum current at the battery end when the utility charges the battery.
	110.0A	User define: 5.0A to 110.0A for HP3522-AH1250P20SA, step size: 0.1A Namely, the maximum current at the battery end when the utility charges the battery.
4. Battery Data Setup		
BAT Set Mode (Battery set mode)	Smart	User define: Smart (Refer to chapter 2.5.3), Expert (Refer to chapter 2.5.4)
BAT Capacity (Battery capacity)	100.0AH	User define: 10.0AH to 1200.0AH, step size: 0.1AH Note: When setting the BAT Capacity, press and hold the "UP/DOWN" button to increase/ decrease the value by 100*step size, namely, 10AH.
EqualizeTime (Battery equalize charging time)	120 Min	User define: 10 minutes to 180 minutes, step size: 1 minute
Boost Time (Battery boost charging time)	120 Min	User define: 10 minutes to 180 minutes, step size: 1 minute
T/C mV/ °C /2 (Battery temperature compensate coefficient)	3	User define: 0-9, step size: 1 Note: This option is reserved, which is invalid currently.

Parameters	Default	User define
AuxiliaryOff Volt (Auxiliary	56.0V (48V system)	Under certain working modes, the utility will stop charging the battery if the battery voltage exceeds this value.
module Off voltage)	28.0V (24V system)	User define: (Auxiliary module ON voltage plus (0.2*N)) ≤ Auxiliary module Off voltage ≤ Charging limit voltage (N=Rated battery voltage/12)
Auxiliary On Volt (Auxiliary	51.0V (48V system)	Under certain working modes, the utility will charge the battery if the battery voltage is lower than this value.
module ON voltage)	25.5V (24V system)	User define: Low voltage disconnect voltage ≤ Auxiliary module ON voltage ≤ (Auxiliary module Off voltage minus (0.2*N)) (N=Rated battery voltage/12)
MaxCharginCurrent (Battery Max. charging current)	60.0A	User define: 5.0A to 60.0A for HP3542-AH0650P20SA, step size: 0.1A Namely, the maximum allowable charge current on the battery side.
	100.0A	User define: 5.0A to 100.0A for HP5542-AH1050P20SA, step size: 0.1A Namely, the maximum allowable charge current on the battery side.
	120.0A	User define: 5.0A to 120.0A for HP3522-AH1250P20SA, step size: 0.1A Namely, the maximum allowable charge current on the battery side.
LimitDisChgCurrt (Battery limit discharging current)	175.0A	User define: 10.0A to 175.0A for HP3542-AH0650P20SA, step size: 0.1A Namely, the maximum allowable discharge current on the battery side.
	250.0A	User define: 10.0A to 250.0A for HP5542-AH1050P20SA, step size: 0.1A Namely, the maximum allowable discharge current on the battery side.
	380.0A	User define: 10.0A to 380.0A for HP3522-AH1250P20SA, step size: 0.1A Namely, the maximum allowable discharge current on the battery side.

Parameters	Default	User define
BMS ComStatus (BMS Communication Status)	164	Read-only, 164 indicates abnormal BMS communication, 165 indicates normal BMS communication.
ChargeControlMode (Battery charge control mode)	VOLT (Voltage)	User define: VOLT, SOC VOLT: The battery voltage control parameters take effect after setting this value as "VOLT." SOC: The SOC parameters take effect after setting this value as "SOC." Note: If "SOC" is selected, the battery needs to go through several full charge and discharge cycles, and the battery capacity must be set correctly.
BMS InvalidAction	DSP Auto	User define: DSP Auto, NoAction <u>DSP Auto</u> : The inverter/charger works according to the default mode and parameters. <u>NoAction</u> : No charging and discharging, equivalent to standby mode.
Full Discnnct Soc (Full energy disconnect Soc)	100%	It takes effect after the "ChargeControlMode" is set as "SOC." When the battery SOC is higher than or equals to this value, the inverter/charger will stop charging the battery. User define: (Full energy disconnect recover Soc plus 5%) to 100%, or 80% to 100%, step size: 1% Note: Take the maximum value between (Full energy disconnect recover Soc plus 5%) and 80%.
FulDiscnctRecvSoc (Full energy disconnect recover Soc)	95%	It takes effect after the "ChargeControlMode" is set as "SOC." When the battery SOC is lower than this value, the inverter/charger will charge the battery. User define: 60% to (Full energy disconnect Soc minus 5%), step size: 1%
LwEngyDisRecvrSoc (Low energy disconnect recover Soc)	40%	It cannot be set separately (equals the "LwEgyDnctRecvrSoc"). It takes effect after the "ChargeControlMode" is set as "SOC."

Parameters	Default	User define
UnderEngyAlarmSoc (Under energy alarm Soc)	25%	It takes effect after the "ChargeControlMode" is set as "SOC." User define: 10% to 35%, or 10% to (Low energy disconnect recover Soc minus 5%), step size: 1% Note: Take the minimum value between (Low energy disconnect recover Soc minus 5%) and 35%.
LwEgyDnctRecvrSoc (Low energy disconnect recover Soc)	40%	It takes effect after the "ChargeControlMode" is set as "SOC." User define: (Under energy alarm Soc plus 5%) to 60%, or 20% to 60%, step size: 1% Note: Take the maximum value between (Under energy alarm Soc plus 5%) and 20%.
LowEngyDiscnctSoc (Low energy disconnect Soc)	10%	It takes effect after the "ChargeControlMode" is set as "SOC." When the battery SOC is lower than this value, the battery will stop discharging. User define: 0 to 10%, step size: 1%
UtiltyChargeOnSoc (Utility charging on Soc)	30%	It takes effect after the "ChargeControlMode" is set as "SOC." User define: 20% to 50%, or 20% to (Utility charging off Soc minus 10%), step size: 1% Note: Take the minimum value between 50% and (Utility charging off Soc minus 10%).
UtiltyChargeOfSoc (Utility charging off Soc)	60%	It takes effect after the "ChargeControlMode" is set as "SOC." User define: (Utility charging on Soc plus 10%) to 100%, or 40% to 100%, step size: 1% Note: Take the maximum value between (Utility charging on Soc plus 10%) and 40%.
SOC BAT Capacity (SOC battery capacity)	Not fixed, updated in real time	Read-only (After the BMS is connected, this value will read from the BMS)
LimitChgTemp (Limit charge temperature)	0.0℃	User define: -20°C to 0°C, step size: 0.1°C When the environment or the battery temperature is lower than this value, the inverter/charger will stop charging the battery.

Parameters	Default	User define
		User define: -20°C to 0°C, step size: 0.1°C
LimitDisChgTem (Limit discharge	0.0℃	When the environment or the battery temperature is
temperature)	0.0 C	lower than this value, the inverter/charger will stop
		discharging.
BATOverTemp (Battery over	50.0℃	User define: (Battery over temperature protect
temperature protect)	30.0 €	recover plus 5°C) to 60°C, step size: 0.1 °C
BATOverTempRecovr (Battery		User define: 30 °C to (Battery over temperature
over temperature protect	45.0°C	protect minus 5°C), step size: 0.1 °C
recover)		protect minus 3 C), step size. 0.1 C
Equalize Date	28	User define: 1-28, step size: 1
		User define: OFF, ON
		This parameter is for manual equalizing charging.
		When set to "ON", the inverter/charger enters the
Manual Faurita	OFF	manual equalizing charging working mode. After the
Manual Equalize	OFF	inverter/charger restarts, the default value is
		restored to "OFF," indicating that the
		inverter/charger is charged periodically according to
		the set equalization charging cycle.
ResetSocCalculate (Reset Soc		Press the ENTER button to reset, the SOC will be
calculate)	-	automatically recalculated.
ResetSelfStudyAH		Press the ENTER button to reset the self study AH.
5. Basic Param Setup		
		User define: HAVE, NO, REV
		Note: When the parameter value is changed (i.e.,
BAT Have (Battery have or not)	HAVE	the value is changed from "HAVE" to "NO", or
BAT have (Ballery have of hot)	HAVE	from "NO" to "HAVE"), the AC output will be cut
		off for about 3 seconds before resuming normal
		output.
		User define: Solar, SolarPrior (Solar priority),
Charging Mode	Litity&colr	Utlty&solr (Utility & solar), UtltyPrior (Utility priority).
	Utlty&solr	Note: For detailed working modes, refer to
		chapter 4.
		User define: PV>BP>BT (namely, PV>Bypass>
		Battery), PV>BT>BP (namely, PV>Battery>
Discharging Mode	PV>BT>BP	Bypass), BP>PV>BT (namely, Bypass>PV>
		Battery). Note: For detailed working modes, refer
	1	

Parameters	Default	User define
LiProtectEnbl (Lithium battery		User define: DISABLE, ENABLE
protection enable)	DISABLE	Set this value as "ENABLE," the charge/ discharge
,		low temperature limit function is effective.
		User define: ALL SINGLE, ALL MULTIPLE,
		When two PV arrays are independently input, the
		value shall be set to "ALL SINGLE." When two PV
	ALL	arrays are connected in parallel as a single input to
PV Mode	SINGLE	the inverter/charger (the PV terminals need to be
		paralleled externally), the value needs to be set to
		"ALL MULTIPLE."
		Product with one PV input is "ALL SINGLE" by
		default (other PV modes are invalid).
		User define: Normal, Standby
		When set as "Standby," the inverter charger will
Chand Dy Mada	Name	enter standby mode and the AC output will be stopped. After modifying the parameter and
Stand By Mode	Normal	restarting the inverter/charger, the parameter will be
		restored to the default value (the previous modified
		value will not be saved).
		User define: DISABLE, ENABLE
		This parameter is for automatic equalizing charging.
		Set this value as "ENABLE," the inverter/charger
		performs the equalize charging automatically. After
EqualizeEnable	DISABLE	modifying the parameter and restarting the
		inverter/charger, the parameter will be restored to
		the default value (the previous modified value will
		not be saved).
		User define: DISABLE, ENABLE
		When set as "ENABLE," the inverter/charger will
ECO Mode		enter the low power consumption mode when
		certain conditions are met, such as no PV and utility,
	ENABLE	and the battery voltage drops to the "Low voltage
		disconnect voltage." After modifying the parameter
		and restarting the inverter/charger, the parameter
		will be restored to the default value (the previous
		modified value will not be saved).

Parameters	Default	User define
Calibration Mode	OFF	User define: OFF, ON Note: This option is reserved, which is invalid currently.
Return FactorySet (Return to the factory settings)	-	Factory Set (After setting the "Stand By Mode" as "Standby," some settings can be restored to the factory state.) Note: For other parameters, only the last modified values will be saved and cannot be restored to the factory state. Please refer to the parameter description for details. After setting, restart the inverter/charger for the setting to take effect.
FR (fault reset)		Press the "ENTER" button to exit the current fault state and resume normal operation. Note:The historical fault records will not be cleared.
Load Open/Close	OPEN	User define: CLOSE, OPEN. Open or close the loads. This parameter and the load output switch are of the same control. To change the state of either one, the other will be changed too. After modifying the parameter and restarting the inverter/charger, the parameter will be restored to the default value (the previous modified value will not be saved).
PVDCInputSource	DISABLE	User define: DISABLE, ENABLE When using a DC power to replace the PV array for power supply testing, it is necessary to set the "PV DC Input Source" as "ENABLE." Otherwise, the inverter/charger cannot work properly. After modifying the parameter and restarting the inverter/charger, the parameter will be restored to the default value (the previous modified value will not be saved).
ClearAccum Energy (Clear accumulated energy)		Press the ENTER button to clear all accumulated charge and discharge energy.

Parameters	Default	User define
DryContactOnVolt (Dry contact	44.0V (48V system)	User define: 0 to (Dry contact OFF voltage minus 0.1*N), step size: 0.1V. Note: N=Rated battery
ON voltage)	22.0V (24V system)	voltage/12. When the battery voltage is lower than this value, the dry contact is connected.
	50.0V	User define: (Dry contact ON voltage plus 0.1*N) to
D==C==t==tO0/=lt /D== ===t==t	(48V system)	Over voltage disconnect voltage, step size: 0.1V.
DryContactOfVolt (Dry contact	25.0	Note: N=Rated battery voltage/12.
OFF voltage)	(24V system)	When the battery voltage is higher than this value,
		the dry contact is disconnected.
		User define: Grid, Generator
		When the AC input is a generator, this parameter
		needs to be set to "Generator" to improve the
		charging capability.
AC Input mode	Grid	Note: If the AC input mode does not match the
		AC source of the actual input, the normal
		operation of the inverter/charger will be
		affected. After setting, restart the
		inverter/charger for the setting to take effect.
		User define: Shared, Independent
		This parameter takes effect when the
		inverter/chargers are connected in parallel. If each
BATT Input Mode	Shared	inverter/charger is connected to the same battery
27.1.7 mpat meas	0.14.04	pack, this value needs to be set to "Shared" mode. If
		each inverter/charger is connected to a separate
		battery pack, this value needs to be set to
		"Independent" mode.
6. Sys Param Setup	ı	
BackLightTime	30S	User define: 6S, 30S, 60S, Always
		User define: OFF, ON
BuzzerAlert		If set to "ON," the buzzer will sound when an error
	ON	occurs and will keep silence when the error is
		cleared. If set to "OFF," the buzzer will not sound
		even if an error occurs.
BckLightOnOff (Back Light		User define: OFF, ON
On/Off)	ON	Note: "BckLightOnOff" is superior to
<u> </u>		"BackLightTime."

Parameters	Default	User define
BaudRate	115200	User define: 115200, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600
Address	1	User define: 1-254, step size: 1
Log Data Interval	60 Sec	User define: 1 second to 3600 seconds, step size: 1 second (Note: When setting this value, press and hold the "UP/DOWN" button to increase/decrease the value by 100*step size, namely, 100 seconds.) Set the time interval of the historical data (only refers to the voltage, current and other data stored regularly, excluding the historical faults. These historical data can be exported by the Solar Guardian PC software or Website.)
Language	ENGLISH	User define: ENGLISH, CHINESE
BlueValid	VALID	User define: INVALID, VALID.
Temperature Unit	°C	User define:°C, °F
BMS Valid/Invalid	INVALID	User define: INVALID, VALID Set this value as "VALID," the inverter/charger will communicate with the battery normally.
BMS Protocol	0	User define: 0-240, step size: 1 Note: Refer to the Lithium battery protocol file.
BMS Com Method	RS485	Read-only
Led Switch	OPEN	User define: OPEN, CLOSE Turn on/off the PV/LOAD/GRID/RUN indicators.
BMSVitCntrlEnable (BMS voltage control enable)	DISABLE	User define: DISABLE, ENABLE Set this value as "ENABLE," the BMS internal control parameters will be automatically synchronized to the inverter/charger, and the inverter/charger will control the battery charging/discharging based on these parameters.

Parameters	Default	User define
		User define: INVALID, BMS, VIRTUAL_BMS
		Set this value as "INVALID," the inverter/charger
		controls the charge and discharge according to the
BMSCurent Select (BMS current		value set on the LCD. Set this value as "BMS," the
control select)	INVALID	inverter/charger controls the charge and discharge
(See chapter 2.5.2 Battery work		according to the read BMS value. Set this value as
modes for details)		"VIRTUAL_BMS", the inverter/charger controls the
		charge and discharge according to the
		charge-discharge current value calculated by the
		MAP table, which is preset in the inverter/charger.
		Press the ENTER button to clear the voltage,
		current and other data stored regularly, excluding
	-	the historical faults.
Log Data Reset		Note: After pressing the ENTER button, the
		flashing LED light will become steady or turn
		off, and then the inverter/charger will restart,
		indicating that the reset is complete.
		User define: 1C, 3C
		This value can be obtained by viewing the battery
		label. It takes effect only when the "BMSCurent
BATT Dischage Kx (Batery charge and discharge coefficient)		Select" is set as "VIRTUAL_BMS." When this
	3C	parameter is set to "3C," the inverter/charger
		controls the charge and discharge according to the
		minimum value between 3 x BAT Capacity and
		MaxCharginCurrent/ LimitDisChgCurrt (which are
		set on the LCD).

Parameters	Default	User define
MAP TEMP Select (MAP temperature select)	Default	User define: Default (25 °C), BMS_ET (BMS environment temperature), BMS_C_MaxT (BMS cell maximum temperature), BMS_C_MinT (BMS cell minimum temperature), RS485, DSP The MAP table calculates the charging and discharging current values based on the temperature and SOC value of the lithium battery. When the lithium battery has BMS function and supports temperature upload, set "MAP TEMP Select" as "BMS_ET, BMS_C_MaxT, or BMS_C_MinT" according to the uploaded temperature. The "BMS_ET, BMS_C_MaxT, and BMS_C_MinT" take effect only when the "BMSCurrent Select" is set as "VIRTUAL_BMS." When the lithium battery only has a protection board, set "MAP TEMP Select" as "RS485" (A smart remote temperature sensor is needed). Otherwise; select "default (25°C)." "DSP" means the inverter/charger's temperature by default.
ManualChageEnable (Manual charge enable)	ENABLE	User define: ENABLE, DISABLE Under the normal BMS communication, if the "ManualChageEnable" is set to "ENABLE," the lithium battery charging is allowed. If the "ManualChageEnable" is set to "DISABLE," the
7. Sys DataTime Setup (See chapter 2.5.5)		
8. Password Setup (See chapter 2.5.6)		
9. Bat Control Data Setup (This will take effect when setting the "BAT Set Mode" as "Smart.")		
BAT Set Mode (Battery set mode)	Smart	Read-only
Level	48V (48V system) 24V (24V system)	Read-only
Battery Type	AGM	48V battery type: AGM, GEL, FLD, LFP15S, LFP16S, LNCM13S, LNCM14S
		24V battery type: AGM, GEL, FLD, LFP8S, LNCM6S, LNCM7S

Parameters	Default	User define	
BacatChargin\/alt /Bacat	57.6V		
BoostCharginVolt (Boost	(48V system) 28.8V		
charging voltage)	(24V system)		
	55.2V		
FloatChagingVolt (Float	(48V system)		
charging valtage)	27.6V	Bood only	
charging voltage)	(24V system)	Read-only	
	50.0V	Note: They are determined by the battery type and	
LowVoltReconect (Low voltage	(48V system)	cannot be modified.	
reconnect voltage)	25.0V	oannot 20 moannoar	
- '	(24V system)		
Laura (alaDiananana (Laura yalana	43.2V (48V system)		
LowVoltDisconect (Low voltage	, ,		
disconnect voltage)	21.6V		
	(24V system)		
9. Bat Control Data Setup (This	will take effect	when setting the "BAT Set Mode" as "Expert" first)	
BAT Set Mode (Battery set	From a set	Dand only	
mode)	Expert	Read-only	
	48V		
	(48V system)		
Level	24V	Read-only	
	(24V system)		
		48V battery type: AGM, GEL, FLD, LFP15S,	
Battery Type	AGM	LFP16S, LNCM13S, LNCM14S	
, ,,		24V battery type: AGM, GEL, FLD, LFP8S,	
		LNCM6S, LNCM7S	
	64.0V	User define: Charging limit voltage< Over voltage	
OverVoltDiscnect (Over voltage	(48V system)		
disconnect voltage)	32.0V	disconnect voltage≤ 16*N, step size: 0.1V	
disconnect voltage)	(24V system)	Note: N=Rated battery voltage/12.	
	60.0V	User define: Equalize charging voltage< Charging	
ChargingLimitVolt (Charging	(48V system)		
, , ,	30.0V	limit voltage< Over voltage disconnect voltage, step	
limit voltage)	(24V system)	size: 0.1V	
	60.0V	User define: 9*N≤ Over voltage reconnect voltage<	
OverVoltReconect (Over	(48V system)	, and the second	
, -	30.0V	(Over voltage disconnect voltage minus 0.1*N), step	
voltage reconnect voltage)	(24V system)	size: 0.1V. Note: N=Rated battery voltage/12.	
	58.4V		
EqualizeChagVolt (Equalize	(48V system)	User define: Boost charging voltage≤ Equalize	
	29.2V	charging voltage≤ Charging limit voltage, step size:	
charging voltage)	(24V system)	0.1V	
	57.6V	-	
BoostCharginVolt (Boost	(48V system)	User define: Float charging voltage≤ Boost charging	
charging voltage)	28.8V	voltage≤ Equalize charging voltage, step size: 0.1V	
Sharging voltage/	(24V system)	voltage = Equalize onarging voltage, step size. 0.1V	
	55.2V	User define: Boost voltage reconnect voltage< FI	
FloatChagingVolt (Float	(48V system)		
charging voltage)	27.6V	charging voltage≤ Boost charging voltage, step size:	
	(24V system)	0.1V	

Parameters	Default	User define
BoostRecnectVolt (Boost	52.8V (48V system)	User define: Low voltage reconnect voltage< Boost
voltage reconnect voltage)	26.4V (24V system)	voltage reconnect voltage< Float charging voltage, step size: 0.1V
LowVoltReconect (Low voltage	50.0V (48V system)	User define: Low voltage disconnect voltage< Low
reconnect voltage)	25.0V (24V system)	voltage reconnect voltage< Boost voltage reconnect voltage, step size: 0.1V
UndrVItWarnRecvr (Under	48.8V (48V system)	User define: (Under voltage warning voltage plus 0.1*N)< Under voltage warning recover voltage≤ Low
I (c)	24.4V (24V system)	voltage reconnect voltage, step size: 0.1V Note: N=Rated battery voltage/12.
UnderVolt Warn (Under voltage	48.0V (48V system)	User define: Discharging limit voltage≤ Under voltage warning voltage< (Under voltage warning recover
warning voltage)		
LowVoltDisconect (Low voltage	43.2V (48V system)	User define: Discharging limit voltage≤ Low voltage
disconnect voltage)	21.6V (24V system)	disconnect voltage< Low voltage reconnect voltage, step size: 0.1V
DischrgeLimitVolt (Discharging limit voltage)	42.4V (48V system) 21.2V (24V system)	Read-only

Note: Except for some parameters (such as "OutputFrequency, Phase Set, Return FactorySet, and AC Input mode" for the parallel connection etc.), the inverter/charger needs to be restarted to take effect. The rest of the parameters take effect immediately after modifying.

2.5.2 Battery work modes

The following table lists the recommended working mode and setting process for different application scenarios. According to your current battery status (such as whether it is a lithium-ion battery pack, whether it has BMS function, whether it has current control function at the end of charge and discharge, etc.), you can reasonably set the parameters to ensure that the battery works in the optimal performance, so as to ensure the safe operation of the system for a long time.

l	No.	Scenario	Recommended work Mode	Setting Process
			The inverter/charger controls	See Figure 1 "Setting
1	1 Non-lithium battery pack		charging and discharging	process for non-lithium
l			based on the LCD settings.	battery pack "
	1. Lithium battery pack with		The inverter/charger controls	See Figure 2 "Setting
l	2	BMS and current control	charging and discharging	process for lithium battery

	function at the end of charge and discharge 2. Normal communication	based on the read BMS values.	pack with BMS and current control function"
3	Lithium battery pack with BMS, without current control function at the end of charge and discharge Normal communication	The inverter/charger controls charging and discharging based on the pre-set MAP table.	See Figure 3 "Setting process for lithium battery pack with BMS, without current control function"
4	Lithium battery pack with protective board only (no BMS) No communication (A smart remote temperature sensor is recommended in this scenario.)	The inverter/charger controls charging and discharging based on the pre-set MAP table.	See Figure 4 "Setting process for lithium battery pack with protective board only"

• Figure 1 "Setting process for non-lithium battery pack"

When the system adopts non-lithium battery packs (such as AGM, GEL, or FLD batteries), follow the flowchart below to set parameters correctly. Set "BAT Capacity, T/C mV/°C/2, Battery Type" correctly, and set "ChargeControlMode" as "VOLT" or "SOC." And then set the battery voltage control parameters or SOC control parameters. The inverter/charger will control charging and discharging based on the LCD settings.

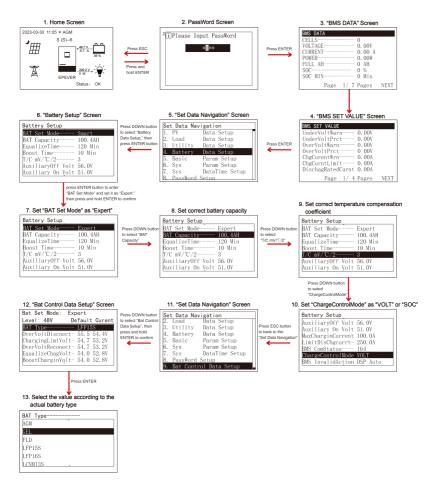
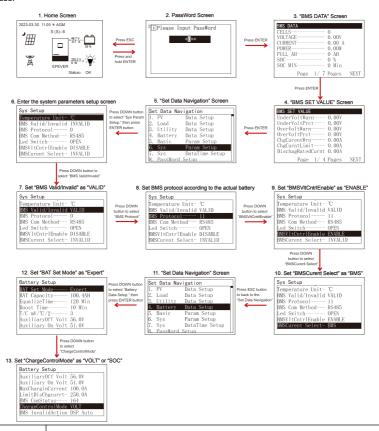


Figure 2 "Setting process for lithium battery pack with BMS and current control function"

When the system adopts a lithium battery pack with BMS and current control function at the end of charge and discharge, and the lithium battery pack can communicate with the inverter/charger normally, follow the flowchart below to set parameters correctly. Set BMS protocol correctly, set "BMS Valid/Invalid" as "VALID," set "BMSVItCntrlEnable" as "ENABLE," set "BMSCurent Select" as "BMS," and set "ChargeControlMode" as "VOLT" or "SOC." And then set the battery voltage control parameters or SOC

control parameters. The inverter/charger controls charging and discharging based on the read BMS values.



Tip

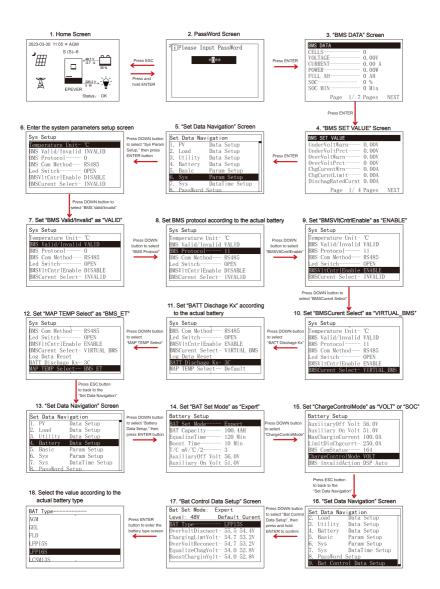
Please go to EPEVER official website to download the currently supported BMS manufacturers and the BMS parameters.

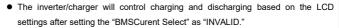


- The inverter/charger will control charging and discharging based on the LCD settings after setting the "BMSCurent Select" as "INVALID," or the communication between battery and inverter/charger fails.
- The inverter/charger controls charging and discharging based on the pre-set MAP table after setting the "BMSCurent Select" as "VIRTUAL_BMS."

- Due to the different charging and discharging characteristics and voltage consistency of lithium batteries from different manufacturers, it is necessary for professionals to guide the use of VIRTUAL_BMS for charging and discharging.
- Figure 3 "Setting process for lithium battery pack with BMS, without current control function"

When the system adopts a lithium battery pack with BMS, while without current control function at the end of charge and discharge, and the lithium battery pack can communicate with the inverter/charger normally, follow the flowchart below to set parameters correctly. Set BMS protocol and "BATT Dischage Kx" (viewing the battery label) correctly, set "BMS Valid/Invalid" as "VALID," set "BMSVItCntrlEnable" as "ENABLE," set "BMSCurent Select" as "VIRTUAL_BMS," set "MAP TEMP Select" as "BMS_ET," set "Battery Type" correctly, and set "ChargeControlMode" as "VOLT" or "SOC." And then set the battery voltage control parameters or SOC control parameters. The inverter/charger controls charging and discharging based on the pre-set MAP table.



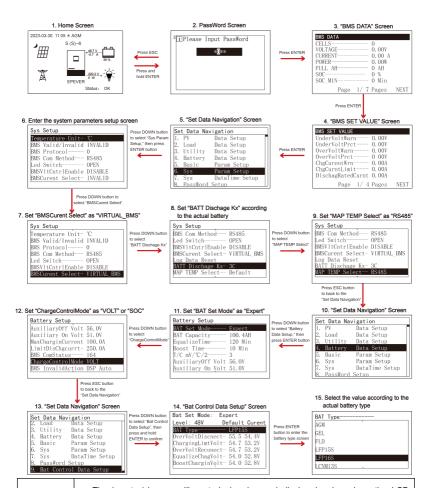


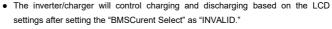


- Due to the different charging and discharging characteristics and voltage consistency of lithium batteries from different manufacturers, it is necessary for professionals to guide the use of VIRTUAL_BMS for charging and discharging.
- The MAP table controlling the battery charge and discharge is only related to parameters of "BMSCurent Select, BATT Dischage Kx, Battery Type, and MAP TEMP Select."

Figure 4 "Setting process for lithium battery pack with protective board only"

When the system adopts a lithium battery pack with protective board only, and the lithium battery pack cannot communicate with the inverter/charger normally (A smart remote temperature sensor is recommended in this scenario. Reserved function, this product is under development.), follow the flowchart below to set parameters correctly. Set "BATT Dischage Kx" (viewing the battery label) correctly, set "BMSCurent Select" as "VIRTUAL_BMS," set "MAP TEMP Select" as "RS485" (A smart remote temperature sensor is needed. Otherwise; select "default (25°C)."), set "Battery Type" correctly, and set "ChargeControlMode" as "VOLT" or "SOC." And then set the battery voltage control parameters or SOC control parameters. The inverter/charger controls charging and discharging based on the pre-set MAP table.







- Due to the different charging and discharging characteristics and voltage consistency of lithium batteries from different manufacturers, it is necessary for professionals to guide the use of VIRTUAL_BMS for charging and discharging.
- The MAP table controlling the battery charge and discharge is only related to parameters of "BMSCurent Select, BATT Dischage Kx, Battery Type, and MAP TEMP Select."

2.5.3 Battery voltage control parameters (Smart)

After setting the "BAT Set Mode" as "Smart," the battery voltage control parameters are determined by the battery type and cannot be modified. To modify them, set the "BAT Set Mode" as "Expert" first.

2.5.4 Battery voltage control parameters (Expert)

After setting the "BAT Set Mode" as "Expert," all battery voltage control parameters can be modified.

1) Lead-acid battery voltage control parameters

The parameters are measured in the condition of 24V/25°C.

Battery Type Voltage control parameters	AGM	GEL	FLD	User define
Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage	32.0V	32.0V	32.0V	21.5-32V
Charging limit voltage	30.0V	30.0V	30.0V	21.5-32V
Over Voltage Reconnect Voltage	30.0V	30.0V	30.0V	21.5-32V
Equalize Charging Voltage	29.2V		29.6V	21.5-32V
Boost Charging Voltage	28.8V	28.4V	29.2V	21.5-32V
Float Charging Voltage	27.6V	27.6V	27.6V	21.5-32V
Boost Voltage Reconnect Voltage	26.4V	26.4V	26.4V	21.5-32V
Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage	25.0V	25.0V	25.0V	21.5-32V
Under Voltage Warning Recover Voltage	24.4V	24.4V	24.4V	21.5-32V
Under Voltage Warning Voltage	24.0V	24.0V	24.0V	21.5-32V
Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage	21.6V	21.6V	21.6V	21.5-32V
Discharging Limit Voltage	21.2V	21.2V	21.2V	Read-only

The parameters are measured in the condition of 48V/25°C.

Battery Type Voltage control parameters	AGM	GEL	FLD	User define
Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage	64.0V	64.0V	64.0V	42.8-64V
Charging limit voltage	60.0V	60.0V	60.0V	42.8-64V
Over Voltage Reconnect Voltage	60.0V	60.0V	60.0V	42.8-64V
Equalize Charging Voltage	58.4V	-	59.2V	42.8-64V
Boost Charging Voltage	57.6V	56.8V	58.4V	42.8-64V
Float Charging Voltage	55.2V	55.2V	55.2V	42.8-64V
Boost Voltage Reconnect Voltage	52.8V	52.8V	52.8V	42.8-64V
Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage	50.0V	50.0V	50.0V	42.8-64V
Under Voltage Warning Recover Voltage	48.8V	48.8V	48.8V	42.8-64V
Under Voltage Warning Voltage	48.0V	48.0V	48.0V	42.8-64V

Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage	43.2V	43.2V	43.2V	42.8-64V
Discharging Limit Voltage	42.4V	42.4V	42.4V	Read-only

The following rules must be obeyed when setting the Lead-acid battery voltage control parameters.

- A. Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage > Charging Limit Voltage ≥ Equalize Charging Voltage ≥ Boost Charging Voltage ≥ Float Charging Voltage > Boost Voltage Reconnect Voltage
- B. Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage > Over Voltage Reconnect Voltage
- C. Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage > Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage ≥ Discharging Limit Voltage
- D. Under Voltage Warning Recover Voltage > Under Voltage Warning Voltage ≥ Discharging Limit Voltage
- E. Boost Voltage Reconnect Voltage > Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage

2) Lithium battery voltage control parameters

Battery Type	LFP		
Voltage control parameters	LFP8S	User Define	
Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage	29.6V	21.5-32V	
Charging Limit Voltage	29.2V	21.5-32V	
Over Voltage Reconnect Voltage	29.2V	21.5-32V	
Equalize Charging Voltage	28.5V	21.5-32V	
Boost Charging Voltage	28.5V	21.5-32V	
Float Charging Voltage	27.2V	21.5-32V	
Boost Voltage Reconnect Voltage	26.6V	21.5-32V	
Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage	26.0V	21.5-32V	
Under Voltage Warning Recover Voltage	25.6V	21.5-32V	
Under Voltage Warning Voltage	24.8V	21.5-32V	
Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage	23.2V	21.5-32V	
Discharging Limit Voltage	22.0V	Read-only	

Battery Type	LFP		
Voltage control parameters	LFP15S	LFP16S	User Define
Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage	55.5V	59.2V	42.8-64V
Charging Limit Voltage	54.7V	58.4V	42.8-64V
Over Voltage Reconnect Voltage	54.7V	58.4V	42.8-64V
Equalize Charging Voltage	53.5V	57.1V	42.8-64V
Boost Charging Voltage	53.5V	57.1V	42.8-64V
Float Charging Voltage	51.0V	54.4V	42.8-64V
Boost Voltage Reconnect Voltage	49.9V	53.2V	42.8-64V

Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage	48.7V	52.0V	42.8-64V
Under Voltage Warning Recover Voltage	48.0V	51.2V	42.8-64V
Under Voltage Warning Voltage	46.5V	49.6V	42.8-64V
Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage	43.5V	46.4V	42.8-64V
Discharging Limit Voltage	41.2V	44.0V	Read-only

Battery Type	LNCM			
Voltage control parameters	LNCM6S	LNCM7S	User Define	
Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage	25.8V	30.1V	21.5-32V	
Charging Limit Voltage	25.5V	29.8V	21.5-32V	
Over Voltage Reconnect Voltage	25.5V	29.8V	21.5-32V	
Equalize Charging Voltage	24.8V	28.9V	21.5-32V	
Boost Charging Voltage	24.8V	28.9V	21.5-32V	
Float Charging Voltage	24.0V	28.0V	21.5-32V	
Boost Voltage Reconnect Voltage	23.5V	27.5V	21.5-32V	
Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage	22.2V	25.9V	21.5-32V	
Under Voltage Warning Recover Voltage	21.6V	25.2V	21.5-32V	
Under Voltage Warning Voltage	21.0V	24.5V	21.5-32V	
Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage	21.5V	22.4V	21.5-32V	
Discharging Limit Voltage	18.6V	21.7V	Read-only	

Battery Type	LNCM		
Voltage control parameters	LNCM13S	LNCM14S	User Define
Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage	55.9V	60.2V	42.8-64V
Charging Limit Voltage	55.2V	59.5V	42.8-64V
Over Voltage Reconnect Voltage	55.2V	59.5V	42.8-64V
Equalize Charging Voltage	53.8V	57.9V	42.8-64V
Boost Charging Voltage	53.8V	57.9V	42.8-64V
Float Charging Voltage	52.0V	56.0V	42.8-64V
Boost Voltage Reconnect Voltage	51.0V	55.0V	42.8-64V
Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage	48.1V	51.8V	42.8-64V
Under Voltage Warning Recover Voltage	46.8V	50.4V	42.8-64V
Under Voltage Warning Voltage	45.5V	49.0V	42.8-64V
Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage	42.8V	44.8V	42.8-64V
Discharging Limit Voltage	40.3V	43.4V	Read-only

When setting the Lithium battery voltage control parameters, the following rules must be obeyed.

- A. Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage < Over Charging Protection Voltage (BMS Circuit Protection Modules)-0.2V
- B. Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage > Charging Limit Voltage ≥ Equalize Charging Voltage ≥ Boost
 Charging Voltage > Boost Voltage Reconnect Voltage
- C. Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage > Over Voltage Reconnect Voltage
- D. Boost Voltage Reconnect Voltage > Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage > Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage ≥ Discharging Limit Voltage
- E. Under Voltage Warning Recover Voltage > Under Voltage Warning Voltage ≥ Discharging Limit Voltage
- F. Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage ≥ Over Discharging Protection Voltage (BMS Circuit Protection Modules) plus 0.2V



CAUTION

The BMS circuit protection module's voltage control accuracy must be at least ±0.2V. The [Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage] shall be lower than the protection voltage of the BMS circuit protection module. In contrast, the [Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage] shall be higher. The increased voltage of the [Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage] and the [Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage] is determined by the control accuracy of the BMS circuit protection module.

2.5.5 Time setting



Enter the "Set Data Navigation" interface according to chapter 2.4.3 Administrator interface. Then click the "UP/DOWN" button to select "7 Sys Data Time Setup", and click the "ENTER" button to enter the system time setting interface. On the system time setting interface, click the "ENTER" button to move right, click the "AC OUT" button to move left, and click the "UP/DOWN" button to adjust the value. After the time setting is completed, move the cursor back to the first digit and click the "ENTER" to confirm. The system time will be updated if the setting value complies with the range.

2.5.6 Password modifying



Enter the "Set Data Navigation" interface according to chapter 2.4.3 Administrator interface. Then click the "UP/DOWN" button to select "8 PassWord Setup", and click the "ENTER" button to enter the password modifying interface. Click the "ENTER" button to move right, click the "AC OUT" button to move left, and click the "UP/DOWN" button to adjust the value. After the password is modified, move the cursor back to the first digit and click the "ENTER" button to confirm.

Note: The default password is "0000", which is set to prevent non-professional operations. Please memorize the new password after modifying it. If forgetting the password, press and hold the "AC OUT" button on the password inputting page; the password will be automatically reset to "0000."

3 Single Installation

3.1 Attention

- Please read the manual carefully to familiarize yourself with the installation steps.
- Be very careful when installing the batteries, especially flooded lead-acid batteries. Please wear eye
 protection, and have fresh water available to rinse if contact with battery acid.
- · Keep the battery away from any metal objects, which may cause a short circuit of the battery.
- Combustible and harmful gases may come out from the battery during charging. Ensure the ventilation condition is good.
- This inverter/charger is wall-mounted. Consider whether the wall's bearing capacity can meet the requirements.
- Ventilation is highly recommended if mounted in an enclosure. Never install the inverter/charger in a sealed enclosure with flooded batteries! Battery fumes from vented batteries will corrode and destroy the inverter/charger circuits.
- The inverter/charger can work with lead-acid and lithium batteries within its control scope.
- Ensure all switches and breakers are disconnected before wiring. You operate the inverter/charger after checking that all wiring is correct.
- Loose connections and corroded wires may produce high heat that can melt wire insulation, burn surrounding materials, or even cause a fire. Ensure tight connections, use cable clamps to secure cables, and prevent them from swaying in motion.
- Select the system connection cables according to the current density no greater than 5A/mm².
- The inverter/charger is for indoor installation only. Do not install the inverter/charger in a harsh environment such as humid, salt spray, corrosion, greasy, flammable, explosive, or dust accumulative
- After turning off the switch, high voltage still exists inside the inverter/charger. Do not open or touch
 the internal devices; wait ten minutes before conducting related operations.
- Although the DC input terminal has reverse polarity protection, which only take effect without PV and
 Utility connection: please do not operate it in error frequently.
- The inverter/charger has anti-reverse protection circuit at the PV input terminal.



1. The short-circuit current of the PV array must comply with the "PV Maximum Short-circuit Current" in chapter <u>8 Specifications</u>. The reverse connection time should not exceed 5 minutes, avoid frequent operations in fault.

- 2. The PV array must first be connected to a 500VDC or above circuit breaker with arc extinguishing function, and then connected to the inverter/charger. If the PV is reversed, disconnect the external circuit breaker first, and then disconnect the PV array terminal (such as the MC4 terminal) or the PV input terminal of the inverter/charger. Otherwise, an electric arc will be generated, causing damage to the PV array or the inverter/charger.
- Utility input and AC output are high voltage. Please do not touch the wiring connection.
- When the fan is working, please do not touch it to avoid injury.

3.2 Wire and breaker size

The wiring and installation methods must conform to all national and local electrical code requirements.

> Recommended PV wire and breaker size

Since the PV output current varies with the PV module's size, connection method, or sunlight angle, the minimum wire size can be calculated by the PV Isc (Max. short circuit current). Please refer to the Isc value in the PV module's specifications. When the PV modules are connected in series, the total Isc equals any PV module's Isc. When the PV modules are connected in parallel, the total Isc equals the sum of the PV module's Isc. The PV array's Isc must not exceed the maximum PV input current. For max. PV input current and max. PV wire size, please refer to the table below:

Model	PV wire size	Circuit breaker
HP3522-AH1250P20SA	42/44 AVA/C	2D 20A (with any outing wishing function)
HP3542-AH0650P20SA	4mm²/11AWG	2P—20A (with arc extinguishing function)

When two PV arrays are connected independently, the wire and circuit breaker size of each PV array are as follows:

Model	PV wire size	Circuit breaker
HP5542-AH1050P20SA	4mm ² /11AWG	2P—20A (with arc extinguishing function)

When two PV arrays are connected in parallel, the wire and circuit breaker size are as follows:

Model	PV wire size	Circuit breaker
HP5542-AH1050P20SA	10mm ² /7AWG	2P—50A (with arc extinguishing function)



When the PV modules are connected in series, the total voltage must not exceed the max. PV open circuit voltage 440V (at 25°C).

Recommended Utility wire size

Model	Utility wire size	Circuit breaker
HP3522-AH1250P20SA HP3542-AH0650P20SA	6mm²/10AWG	2P—32A
HP5542-AH1050P20SA	10mm ² /7AWG	2P—50A



The utility input has the circuit breaker already; no need to add any more.

> Recommended battery wire and breaker size

Model	Battery wire size	Circuit breaker
HP3542-AH0650P20SA	20mm ² /4AWG	2P—125A
HP5542-AH1050P20SA	35 mm²/2AWG	2P—200A
HP3522-AH1250P20SA	33 IIIII-/2AWG	2F—200A



The recommended battery breaker size is selected when the battery terminals are not connected to any additional inverter.

Recommended load wire size

Model	Load wire size	Circuit breaker
HP3522-AH1250P20SA	240000	00.004
HP3542-AH0650P20SA	6mm²/10AWG	2P—32A
HP5542-AH1050P20SA	10mm ² /7AWG	2P—50A



- The wire size is only for reference. Suppose a long distance exists between the PV
 array, the inverter/charger, and the battery. In that case, larger wires shall be used
 to reduce the voltage drop and improve the system's performance.
- The above wire and circuit breaker sizes are for reference only; please choose a suitable wire and circuit breaker according to the actual situation.

3.3 Mounting the inverter/charger



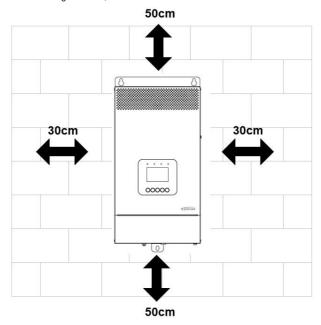
Risk of explosion! Never install the inverter/charger in a sealed enclosure with flooded batteries! Do not install the inverter/charger in a confined area where the battery gas can accumulate.



The inverter/charger can be fixed to the concrete and solid brick walls, while it cannot be fixed to the hollow brick wall.

The inverter/charger requires at least 30cm of clearance right and left, and 50cm of clearance above and below.

Step1: Determine the installation location and heat-dissipation space. The inverter/charger requires at least 30cm of clearance right and left, and 50cm of clearance above and below.



Step2: According to the installation position marked with the mounting plate 1, drill two M10 holes with an electric drill.

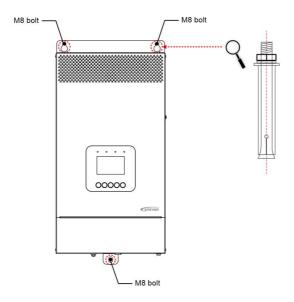
Step3: Insert the screws of the M8 bolts and the steel pipes into the two M10 holes.

Step4: Install the inverter/charger and determine the installation position of the M10 hole (located at the bottom of the inverter/charge).

Step5: Remove the inverter/charger and drill an M10 hole according to the position determined in step4.

Step6: Insert the screw of the M8 bolt and the steel pipe into the M10 hole.

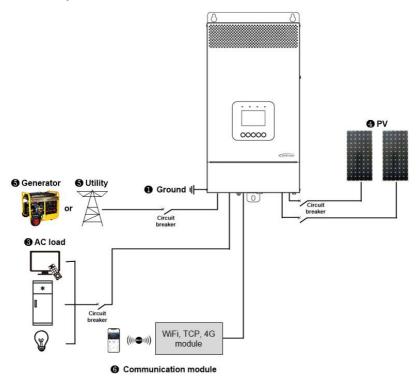
Step7: Install the inverter/charger and secure the nuts with a sleeve.



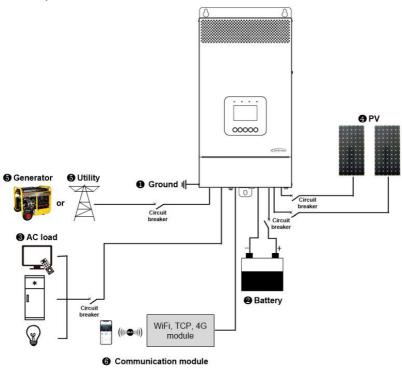
3.4 Wiring the inverter/charger

Connect the inverter/charger in the order of "① Ground > ②Battery 🚞 > ③Load 🏵 > ④PV 🗒 > ⑤Utility Ā or Generator > ⑥Optional accessories", and disconnect the inverter/charger in the reverse order. The following wiring sequence is illustrated in the appearance of "HP5542-AH1050P20SA." For wiring positions of other models, please refer to the actual product appearance.

No battery mode



Battery mode

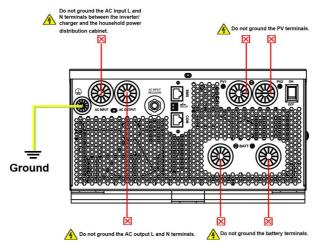


1. Grounding

The inverter/charger has a dedicated grounding terminal, which must be grounded reliably. The grounding wire size must be consistent with the recommended load wire size. The grounding connection point shall be as close as possible to the inverter/charger, and the total grounding wire shall be as short as possible.

	☑ Do not ground the battery terminals.
No grounding	☑ Do not ground the PV terminals.
No grounding	☑ Do not ground the AC input L and N terminals between the
	inverter/charger and the household power distribution cabinet.

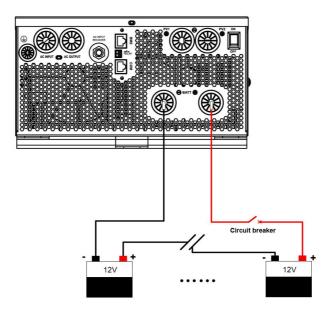
	☑ Do not ground the AC output L and N terminals.
Cuarradina	The cabinet of the inverter/charger is connected to earth through the earth
Grounding	rail, along with the AC input and output's PE (Protective Earth) terminal.



Connect the battery



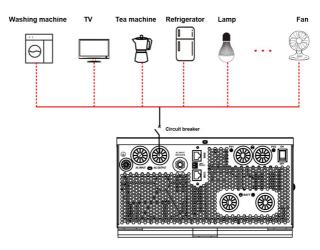
- · Please disconnect the circuit breaker before wiring and ensure that the leads of the "+" and "-" poles are polarity correctly.
- · A circuit breaker must be installed on the battery side. For selection, please refer to chapter 2.2 Wire and breaker size.



3. Connect the AC load



- Risk of electric shock! When wiring the AC load, please disconnect the circuit breaker and ensure that the poles' leads are connected correctly.
- The AC loads shall be determined by the continuous output power of the inverter/charger. The AC load's surge power must be lower than the instantaneous surge power of the inverter/charger, or the inverter/charger will be damaged.
- If inductive loads such as motors, or a bidirectional transfer switch is connected to
 the AC output terminal, a separate overvoltage and overcurrent protector
 (VA-Protector) needs to be installed at the AC output terminal.



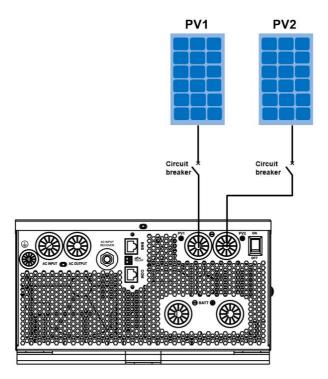
Connect the PV modules



- WARNING
- · Risk of electric shock! The PV array can generate dangerous high-voltage! Disconnect the circuit breaker before wiring, and ensure that the leads of "+" and "-" poles are connected correctly.
- It is forbidden to connect the positive and negative poles of the PV with the ground; otherwise, the inverter/charger will be damaged.



Suppose the inverter/charger is used in an area with frequent lightning strikes. In that case, install an external surge arrester at the PV input and utility input terminals is a must.



5. Connect the Utility or generator

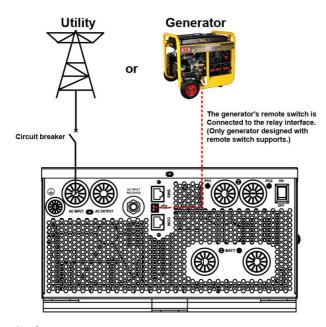


WARNING

- Risk of electric shock! The Utility input can generate dangerous high-voltage!
 Disconnect the circuit breaker or fast-acting fuse before wiring, and ensure that the poles' leads are connected correctly.
- After the Utility is connected, the PV and battery cannot be grounded. In contrast, the inverter/charger cover must be grounded reliably (to shield the outside electromagnetic interference effectively and prevent the cover from causing electric shock to the human body).



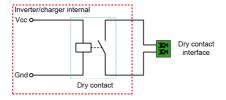
There are many types of oil generators with complex output conditions, which must be tested before use.



Dry contact interface:

♦ Function:

The dry contact interface can turn on/off the generator and is connected parallel with the generator's switch.



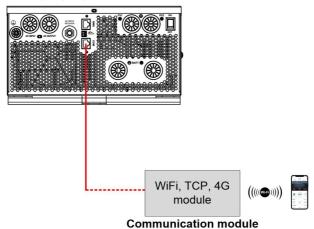
♦ Working principle:

When the battery voltage reaches the *Dry Contact ON Voltage*, the dry contact is connected. Its coil is energized. The dry contact can drive loads of no more than 125VAC /1A, 30VDC/1A. According to different battery types of the inverter charger, the default values of the *Dry Contact ON Voltage* and *the Dry Contact OFF Voltage* are different. Please refer to the chapter 2.5.1 Parameters list for details.

6. Connect optional accessories

Connect the communication module

Connect the WiFi module, TCP module, or 4G module to the RS485 com. port. End-users can remote monitor the inverter/charger or modify related parameters on the phone APP. Detailed setting methods, refer to the cloud APP, WiFi, TCP, or 4G module user manual.



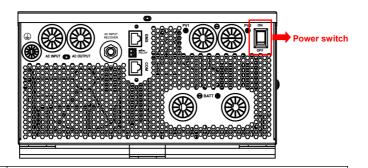
Note: For the specific communication modules supported, please refer to the accessories list file.

3.5 Operate the inverter/charger

Step 1: Double-check whether the wire connection is correct.

Step 2: Connect the battery circuit breaker.

Step 3: Turn on the power switch. The LCD will be lit, which means the system running is normal.





- Connect the battery circuit breaker first. After the inverter/charger normally works, connect the PV array and utility circuit breakers later. Otherwise, we won't assume any responsibility for not following the operation.
- · The AC output is ON by default after the inverter/charger is powered. Before turning on the power switch, ensure the AC output is connected to loads correctly, and no safety hazard exists.

Step 4: Set parameters by the buttons.



For detailed parameters setting, refer to chapter 2.5 Parameters setting.

Step 5: Use the inverter/charger.

Connect the load circuit breaker, the PV array circuit breaker, and the utility circuit breaker in sequence. After the AC output is normal, turn on the AC loads one by one. Do not turn on all the loads simultaneously to avoid protection action due to a large transient impulse from the current. The inverter/charger will perform normal work according to the set working mode. See chapter 2.4 Interface.



CAUTION

- When supplying power for different AC loads, turning on the load with a larger impulse current first is recommended. After the load output is stable, turn on the load with a smaller impulse current later.
- · If the inverter/charger cannot work properly or the LCD/indicator shows an abnormality, please refer to chapter 6 Troubleshooting or contact our after-sales personnel.

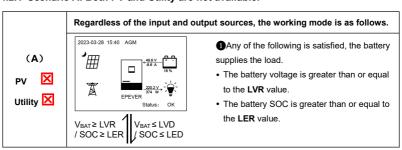
4 Working modes

4.1 Abbreviation

Abbreviation	Instruction
P _{PV}	PV power
P _{LOAD}	Load power
V _{BAT}	Battery voltage
LVD	Low Voltage Disconnect Voltage
LVR	Low Voltage Reconnect Voltage
LED	Low Energy Disconnect SOC
LER	Low Energy Disconnect Recover SOC
AOF	Auxiliary module OFF voltage (namely, Utility charging OFF voltage)
AON	Auxiliary module ON voltage (namely, Utility charging ON voltage)
UCF	Utility Charging OFF SOC
UCO	Utility Charging ON SOC
MCC	Battery Max. Charging Current
	The battery charging state, which indicates the ratio of the current storage
soc	capacity dividing the maximum storage capacity. This value is automatically
	read from the BMS and displayed on the "BAT DATA" screen.
PV>BP>BT	Discharging Mode: PV>Bypass>Battery
PV>BT>BP	Discharging Mode: PV>Battery>Bypass
BP>PV>BT	Discharging Mode: Bypass>PV>Battery

4.2 Battery mode

4.2.1 Scenario A: Both PV and Utility are not available.



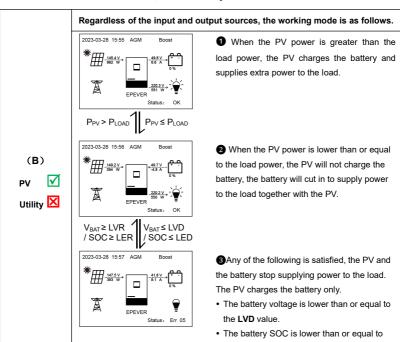


- **2** Any of the following is satisfied, the battery stops supplying the load.
- The battery voltage is lower than or equal to the LVD value.
- The battery SOC is lower than or equal to the LED value.



- Set the "Charge Control Mode" as "VOLT," the working mode is determined by the battery voltage value.
- Set the "Charge Control Mode" as "SOC," the working mode is determined by the battery SOC. The battery SOC value will be more accurate after a full charge-discharge cycle when the "Charge Control Mode" is set to "VOLT."
- For setting the "Charge Control Mode", refer to chapter 2.5.1 Parameters list.

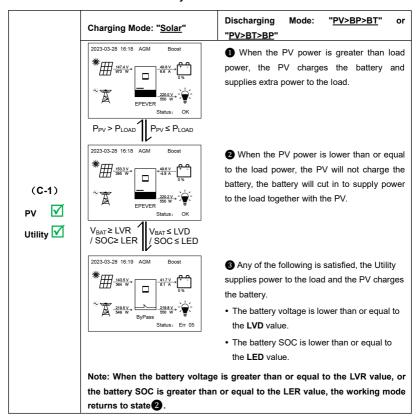
4.2.2 Scenario B: PV is available, but the Utility is not available.

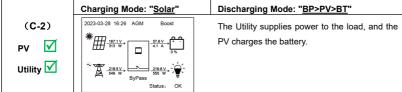


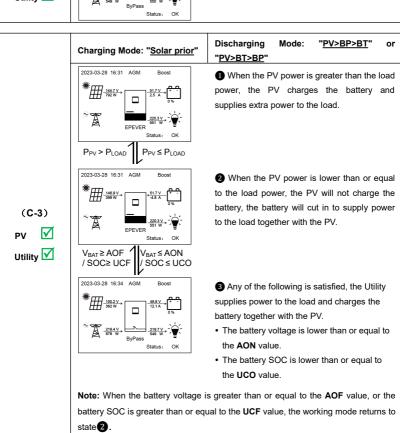
the LED value.

Note: When the battery voltage is greater than or equal to the LVR value, or the battery SOC is greater than or equal to the LER value, the working mode returns to state 2.

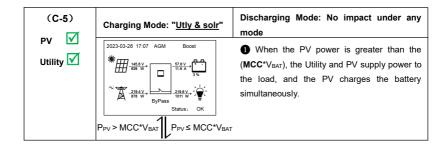
4.2.3 Scenario C: Both PV and Utility are available.



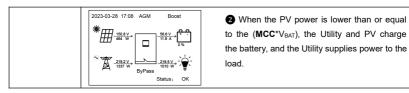


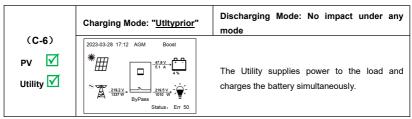


Charging Mode: "Solar prior" Discharging Mode: "BP>PV>BT" 2023-03-28 16:49 AGM 1 When the PV power is greater than the (MCC*V_{BAT}), the Utility and PV supply power to the load, and the PV charges the battery at the same time. P_{PV} ≤ MCC*V_{BAT} 2023-03-28 16:51 AGM 2 When the PV power is lower than or equal to the (MCC*VBAT), the Utility supplies power to the load and the PV charges the battery. (C-4)V_{BAT}≥ AOF 1 V_{BAT}≤ AON Utility 🔽 / SOC ≥ UCF 2023-03-28 16:53 AGM 3 Any of the following is satisfied, the Utility supplies power to the load and charges the battery together with the PV. . The battery voltage is lower than or equal to the AON value. . The battery SOC is lower than or equal to the UCO value. Note: When the battery voltage is greater than or equal to the AOF value, or the battery SOC is greater than or equal to the UCF value, the working mode returns to

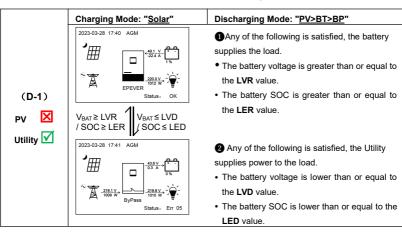


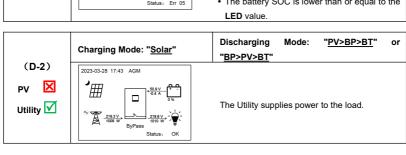
state 2.

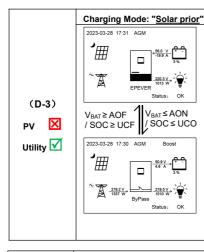




4.2.4 Scenario D: The PV is not available, but the Utility is available.

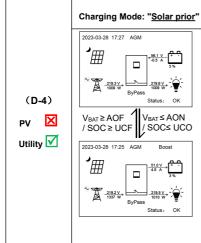






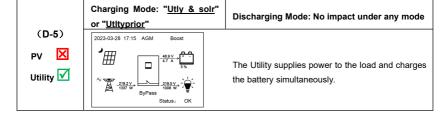
Discharging Mode: "PV>BT>BP"

- ①Any of the following is satisfied, the battery supplies the load.
- The battery voltage is higher than or equal to the AOF value.
- The battery SOC is greater than or equal to the LICF value.
- Any of the following is satisfied, the Utility supplies power to the load and charges the battery simultaneously.
- The battery voltage is lower than or equal to the **AON** value.
- The battery SOC is lower than or equal to the **UCO** value.



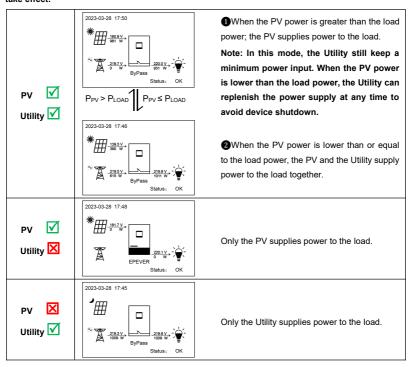
Discharging Mode: "<u>PV>BP>BT</u>" or "BP>PV>BT"

- ①Any of the following is satisfied, the Utility supplies power to the load.
- The battery voltage is greater than or equal to the AOF value.
- The battery SOC is greater than or equal to the **UCF** value.
- ②Any of the following is satisfied, the Utility supplies power to the load and charges the battery simultaneously.
- The battery voltage is lower than or equal to the AON value.
- The battery SOC is lower than or equal to the **UCO** value.



4.3 No battery mode

Note: Under the no battery mode, the "Charging Mode" and "Discharging Mode" settings will not take effect.



5 Protections

No.	Protections	Instruction				
1	PV limit Current/Power	When the PV array's actual charging current/power exceeds its rated current/power, it will charge the battery as per the rated current/power. When the PV voltage exceeds the bus voltage, the PV input power is constrained by the load power, charging power, the power that the solar panels can deliver, and the current of the PV circuit breaker.				
2	PV short circuit	When the PV is not charging and short circuit, the inverter/charger is not damaged.				
3	PV Reverse Polarity	The inverter/charger will not be damaged when the PV array is reversely connected, correct the wire connection to resume work. CAUTION: The total short-circuit current of each PV array must be less than the "PV Maximum Short-circuit Current" (see section <u>8 Specifications</u>), and the reverse connection time should not exceed 5 minutes. Frequent incorrect wiring is strictly prohibited as it may damage the inverter/charger. CAUTION: The PV input terminals must first be connected to a DC circuit breaker with an arc extinguishing function capable of handling 500VDC or higher, and then, connect the PV input terminals to the inverter/charger. If the PV array is reversely connected, it is essential to first disconnect the external circuit breaker, followed by the PV standard terminals, or the PV connection terminals of the inverter/charger. Otherwise, it may result in arcing damage to the PV standard terminals or the inverter/charger.				
4	Utility input over-voltage	When the utility voltage exceeds the set value of "Utility over voltage disconnect voltage", the utility will stop charging and supplying the load.				
5	Utility input under-voltage	When the utility voltage is lower than the set value of "Utility low voltage disconnect voltage", the utility will stop charging and supplying the load.				

No.	Protections	Instruction							
6	Battery reverse polarity	Fully protected against reverse battery polarity; no damage will occur to the battery. Correct the miswire to resume operation. CAUTION: The inverter/charger will be damaged when the PV/Utility is correct connected and the battery is reversed connected.							
7	Battery over-voltage	, , ,	goes higher than the [Over Vo	oltage Disconnect Voltage], the	ne PV/Utility will stop				
8	Battery over-discharge	, , ,	goes lower than the [Low Vol	tage Disconnect Voltage], the narged.	e battery will stop				
9	Load output short circuit	The output is turned off immediately in the occurrence of short-circuiting. And then, the output is recovered automatically after a delay time of 5s, 10s, and 15s separately (less than three times recovery within 5 minutes, it will be recounted). The inverter/charger stops working after the 4th protection and can resume working after resetting or restarting. Clear the fault in time because it may damage the inverter/charger permanently. Note: Resetting operationSee chapter 2.4.3 Administrator interface to enter the "5. Basic Param Setup" screen, and then click the UP/DOWN button to locate the "FR (fault reset)" menu. Click the ENTER button to exit the current fault state and resume normal operation.							
10	Device overheating	When the internal temperat	ture overheats, the inverter/c resume charging/dischargin	harger will stop charging/disc ng when the internal tempe	0 0				
	HP3522-AH1250P20SA	3605W≤P<4550W	4550W≤P<5250W	5250W≤P<7000W	P≥7000W				
11	11 HP3542-AH0650P20SA Inverter overload (no Utility)	Protect after 30 seconds Protect after 10 seconds Protect after 5 seconds Protect immediately Note: The output is recovered automatically after a delay time of 5s, 10s, and 15s separately. The inverter/charger stops working after the 4th protection and can resume working after resetting or restarting.							

No.	Protections	Instruction						
	HP3522-AH1250P20SA	3850W≤P<4795W 4795		5W≤P<5495W 5495W≤P<700		W00	P≥7000W	
12	HP3542-AH0650P20SA	Protect after 30 seconds	Protect	after 10 seconds	Protect after 5 s	econds	Protect immediately	
	Utility bypass overload (no-Battery mode)	Note: The output is reci		•	•		and 15s separately. The resetting or restarting.	
	HP3522-AH1250P20SA	5350W≤P<6295W	629	5W≤P<6995W	6995W≤P<85	W00	P≥8500W	
13	HP3542-AH0650P20SA	Protect after 30 seconds	Protect	after 10 seconds	Protect after 5 s	econds	Protect immediately	
	Utility bypass overload (Battery mode)	Note: The output is reci		•	•		and 15s separately. The resetting or restarting.	
		5665W≤P<6600W		6600W≤P<7700W		P≥7700W		
14	HP5542-AH1050P20SA Inverter overload	Protect after 30 secon	ıds	Protect after	10 seconds	Protect immediately		
	(no Utility)	Note: The output is received inverter/charger stops work		•	•		and 15s separately. The resetting or restarting.	
		6050W≤P<6985W		6985W≤F	P<8085W	P≥8085W		
15	HP5542-AH1050P20SA Utility bypass overload	Protect after 30 secor	ıds	Protect after 10 seconds			Protect immediately	
	(no-Battery mode)	Note: The output is receinverter/charger stops work		•	•		and 15s separately. The resetting or restarting.	
		8550W≤P<9485W			P<10585W		P≥10585W	
16	HP5542-AH1050P20SA Utility bypass overload	Protect after 30 secon	ıds	Protect after	10 seconds		Protect immediately	
-	(Battery mode)	Note: The output is reci		•	•		and 15s separately. The resetting or restarting.	

6 Troubleshooting



After the inverter/charger is powered on, the meter displays the boot screen all the time (unable to enter the home screen) and the red "RUN" indicator flashes. It means the communication with the inverter/charger is error. When the above fault occurs, check whether the communication cable is disconnected. If not, don't hesitate to contact our after-sales engineer.

6.1 Battery faults

No.	Fault/Status	Error code ^①	Indicator	Buzzer	Solution
1	BAT OVP (Battery over voltage protection)	Err4			Disconnect the utility and PV connection, and check whether the battery voltage is too high. Verify if the actual battery voltage matches the rated battery voltage; or check if the "over voltage disconnect voltage" is inconsistent with the battery specifications. After the battery voltage drops below the set value of "over voltage reconnect voltage", the alarm will automatically be cleared.
2	BAT UVP (Battery under voltage protection)	Err5			Disconnect the loads connection, and check whether the battery voltage is too low. After the battery voltage is charged and restored to above the "low voltage reconnect voltage", it will automatically return to normal, or use other methods to charge the battery.
3	BAT OTP (Battery over temperature protection)	Err11			Ensure the battery is installed in a cool and well-ventilated place, check that the battery actual charging and discharging current does not exceed the setting values of "Battery Max. charging current" and "Battery limit discharging current." It resumes normal work when the battery cools down to below the "Battery over temperature protect recover."

No.	Fault/Status	Error code ^①	Indicator	Buzzer	Solution	
4	BAT OCP (Battery over current protection)	Err37	-			Check that the battery actual charging and discharging current does not exceed the setting values of "Battery Max. charging current " and "Battery limit discharging current."
5	BAT DROP (Battery dropout)	Err39			Check whether the battery connection is normal, and whether the BMS protection occurs.	
6	BAT UNDERVOLT WARN (Battery under voltage warning)	Err50			Check if the battery voltage is lower than the "under voltage warning voltage"	
7	BAT FTA (Battery fail to activate)	Err56			Check if the battery connection is normal and the BMS communication of the lithium battery is normal.	

①The fault/status code is displayed in the "Status" column at the bottom right corner of the LCD. When multiple faults occur simultaneously, the LCD only displays the fault code with the smallest value.

6.2 PV faults

No.	Fault/Status	Error code ^①	Indicator	Buzzer ^②	Solution
1	PV1 OVP (PV1 over voltage protection)	Err15	PV indicator red on	Intermittent beeps	Check if the PV open-circuit voltage is too high (greater than 500 V). The alarm is released when the PV open-circuit voltage is below 490 V.
2	PV1 OCP (PV1 over current protection)	Err17	PV indicator green on		Turn off the inverter/charger first, wait for 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.
3	PV2 OVP (PV2 over voltage protection)	Err18	PV indicator red on	Intermittent beeps	Check if the PV open-circuit voltage is too high (greater than 500 V). The alarm is released when the PV open-circuit voltage is below 490 V.
4	PV2 OCP (PV2 over current protection)	Err20			
5	PV HARD FAULT (PV hardware fault)	Err30	PV indicator		Turn off the inverter/charger first, wait for 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal,
6	PV1TS NC (PV1 temperature sensor no connection)	Err43	green on		please contact our technical support.
7	PV1 PCTO (PV1 pre-charge timeout)	Err52	PV indicator		Turn off the inverter/charger first, wait for 5 minutes and then turn on
8	PV2 PCTO (PV2 pre-charge timeout)	Err53	green on		the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.

①The fault/status code is displayed in the "Status" column at the bottom right corner of the LCD. When multiple faults occur simultaneously, the LCD only displays the fault code with the smallest value.

②Set the "BuzzerAlert" as "ON," the buzzer will sound when a fault occurs. After the fault is eliminated, the buzzer will automatically mute. If the "BuzzerAlert" is set as "OFF," even if a fault occurs, the buzzer will not sound.

6.3 Inverter faults

No.	Fault/Status	Error code ^①	Indicator	Buzzer ²	Solution
1	INV OCP (Inverter over current protection)	Err2	LOAD indicator red ON	Intermittent beeps	Check if the load actual power exceeds the rated power (namely, the inverter/charger's continuous output power), disconnect the load completely and turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.
2	INV OVP (Inverter over voltage protection)	Err7	LOAD indicator red ON	Intermittent beeps	Disconnect the load completely and turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.
3	INV OTP (Inverter over temperature protection)	Err10			Ensure the inverter/charger is installed in a cool and well-ventilated place.
4	HARD INV OVP (Inverter hardware over voltage protection)	Err22			
5	HARD INV OCP (Inverter hardware over current protection)	Err23			Disconnect the load completely and turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.
6	INV VOLT OFFSET ERR (Inverter voltage offset error)	Err32			

No.	Fault/Status	Error code ^①	Indicator	Buzzer [®]	Solution
7	INV CURR OFFSET ERR (Inverter current offset error)	Err35		-	Disconnect the load completely and turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.
8	ITS NC (Internal temperature sensor no connection)	Err45	LOAD indicator green ON		Turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.
9	INV UVP (Inverter under voltage protection)	Err49	LOAD indicator red ON	Intermittent beeps	Check if the load actual power exceeds the rated power (namely, the inverter/charger's continuous output power), disconnect the load completely and turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.
10	Step-up Unit OTP	Err60			Ensure the inverter/charger is installed in a cool and well-ventilated place.

①The fault/status code is displayed in the "Status" column at the bottom right corner of the LCD. When multiple faults occur simultaneously, the LCD only displays the fault code with the smallest value.

②Set the "BuzzerAlert" as "ON," the buzzer will sound when a fault occurs. After the fault is eliminated, the buzzer will automatically mute. If the "BuzzerAlert" is set as "OFF," even if a fault occurs, the buzzer will not sound.

6.4 Utility faults

No.	Fault/Status	Error code ^①	Indicator	Buzzer [®]	Solution
1	AC OVP (AC over voltage protection)	Err8	GRID indicator red on	Intermittent beeps	Check if the utility voltage exceeds the "Utility Over Voltage Disconnect Voltage," then disconnect the AC input and turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.
2	AC OCP (AC over current protection)	Err9	GRID indicator red on	Intermittent beeps	Check if the load actual power exceeds the "Inverter Rated Power (see chapter <u>8 Specifications</u>)," disconnect the load completely and turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to
3	AC UVP (AC under voltage protection)	Err25	GRID indicator red on		check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact of technical support. Check if the utility voltage is lower than the "Utility Lo Voltage Disconnect Voltage," disconnect the utility input and turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact of technical support.
4	AC PRECHG OUT (AC pre-charge timeout)	Err28	GRID indicator green on		Check if the utility frequency in between the "Utility Under Frequency
5	AC RELAY Adhesion (AC relay adhesion. Namely, AC relay abnormal)	Err29	GRID indicator green on		Disconnect Frequency" to "Utility Over Frequency Disconnect Frequency," disconnect the utility input and turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is
6	AC FREQ ERR (AC frequency error)	Err31	GRID indicator red on	Intermittent beeps	still abnormal, please contact our technical support.

- ①The fault/status code is displayed in the "Status" column at the bottom right corner of the LCD. When multiple faults occur simultaneously, the LCD only displays the fault code with the smallest value.
- ②Set the "BuzzerAlert" as "ON," the buzzer will sound when a fault occurs. After the fault is eliminated, the buzzer will automatically mute. If the "BuzzerAlert" is set as "OFF," even if a fault occurs, the buzzer will not sound.

6.5 Load faults

No.	Fault/Status	Error code ^①	Indicator	Buzzer [®]	Solution
1	LAOD CURR OFFSET ERR (Load current offset error)	Err33			
2	OVERLOAD (Overload)	Err48	LOAD indicator red ON	Intermittent beeps	Disconnect the load completely and turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still
3	OVERLOAD LOCK (Overload lock)	Err55	LOAD indicator red ON	Intermittent beeps	abnormal, please contact our technical support.

①The fault/status code is displayed at the "Status" column at the bottom right corner of the LCD interface. When multiple faults occur simultaneously, the LCD only displays the fault code with the smallest value.

②Set the "BuzzerAlert" as "ON"; the buzzer will sound when a fault occurs. After the error is eliminate, the buzzer will automatically mute. If the "BuzzerAlert" is set as "OFF," even if a fault occurs, the buzzer will not sound.

6.6 Other faults for single inverter/charger

No.	Fault/Status	Error code ^①	Indicator	Buzzer	Solution
1	BUS OVP (DC bus over voltage protection)	Err0			Turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the
2	BUS UVP (DC bus under voltage protection)	Err6			inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.
3	AMBIENT OTP (Ambient over temperature protection)	Err12			Ensure the inverter/charger is installed in a cool and well-ventilated place.
4	HARD OVP (Hardware over voltage protection)	Err21			
5	BAT CHG OCP (Battery charge over current protection)	Err24		_	
6	CHG CURR OFFSET ERR (Charge current offset error)	Err36			
7	PUSH DRV ERR (Push driver error)	Err38			
8	APS ERR (Auxiliary power supply error)	Err40			
9	ATS NC (Ambient temperature sensor no connection)	Err42		-	Turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.

No.	Fault/Status	Error code ^①	Indicator	Buzzer	Solution
10	LIMITCHG (Low temperature limit charging)	Err46			Check whether the ambient temperature is lower than the set "Charge
11	LIMITDISCHG (Low temperature limit discharging)	Err47			low temperature limit" and "Discharge low temperature limit."
12	EEP ERR (EEPROM error)	Err54			Turn off the inverter/charger. Wait 5 minutes and then turn on the inverter/charger to check if it resumes normal. If it is still abnormal, please contact our technical support.

①The fault/status code is displayed at the "Status" column at the bottom right corner of the LCD interface. When multiple faults occur simultaneously, the LCD only displays the fault code with the smallest value.

6.7 BMS faults

No.	Fault/Status	Error code [®]	Indicator	Buzzer	Solution
1	BMS OVP (BMS over voltage protect)	Err66			
2	BMS Chage TEMP ERR (BMS charge temperature error)	Err68			
3	BMS UVP (BMS under voltage protect)	Err69			Check the BMS communication status or BMS setting parameters.
4	BMS DisChageTEMP ER (BMS discharge temperature error)	Err71			
5	BMS COM ERR (BMS communication error)	Err74			

①The fault/status code is displayed in the "Status" column at the bottom right corner of the LCD. When multiple faults occur simultaneously, the LCD only displays the fault code with the smallest value.

7 Maintenance

The following inspections and maintenance tasks are recommended at least twice yearly for best performance.

- Make sure no block on airflow around the inverter/charger. Clear up dirt and fragments on the radiator.
- Check all the wired cables to ensure insulation is not damaged for serious solarization, frictional wear, dryness, insects or rats, etc. Repair or replace some wires if necessary.
- Check and confirm that LED or LCD is consistent with the required. Pay attention to any troubleshooting or error indication. Take necessary corrective action.
- Confirm that all the terminals have no corrosion, insulation damage, high temperature, or burnt/discolored sign; tighten terminal screws to the suggested torque.
- · Check for dirt, nesting insects, and corrosion. If so, clear up in time.
- Check and confirm that the lightning arrester is in good condition. Replace a new one in time to avoid damaging the inverter/charger and other equipment.



Risk of electric shock! Turn off all the power before the above operations and follow the corresponding inspections and operations.

8 Specifications

Model	HP3522-AH1250P20SA		
Utility input			
LIANS A VALLE	176VAC to 264VAC (Default)		
Utility Voltage	90VAC to 280VAC (Configurable)		
Utility Frequency	45Hz to 65Hz		
Maximum Utility Charging	110A		
Current	1107		
	Switch Response Time – Inverter to Utility: 10ms		
Switch Response Time	Switch Response Time – Utility to Inverter (when the load		
	power is higher than 100W): 20ms		
Inverter output			
Inverter Rated Power (@30°C)	3500W		
3-second Transient Surge Output	7000W		
Power			
Inverter Output Voltage	220/230VAC±3%		
Inverter Frequency	50/60Hz±0.2%		
Output Voltage Waveform	Pure sine wave		
Load Power Factor	0.2−1(VA ≤ Rated output power)		
THDu (Total Harmonic Voltage	≤3% (24V resistive load)		
Distortion)	(=		
Maximum Load Efficiency	91%		
Maximum Inverter Efficiency	93%		
Parallel Function	Yes, 12 units in standard, 16 units at most		
Solar controller			
PV Maximum Open-circuit	500V (At minimum operating environment temperature)		
Voltage	440V (At 25°C)		
MPPT Voltage Range	85V to 400V		
PV Maximum Input Power	4000W		
MPPT Input Channels	One way		
PV Maximum Input Current	One way, 16A		
PV Maximum Short-circuit	One way, 18A		
Current	One way, Tox		
PV Maximum Charging Current	120A		
MPPT Maximum efficiency	≥99.5%		
Battery			
Battery Rated Voltage	24VDC		
Battery Work Voltage Range	21.6VDC to 32.0VDC		
Battery Maximum Charging	120A		
Current	1204		

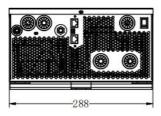
Others					
	<1.4 A				
No-load Losses	Test condition: Utility, PV and Load are not connected, AC				
	output is ON, fan stops, @24V input				
	<0.9A				
Standby Current	Test condition: Utility, PV and Load are not connected, AC				
	output is OFF, fan stops, @24V input				
Work Tomporature Bongs	-20°C to +50°C (When the environment temperature exceeds				
Work Temperature Range	30°C, the actual output power is reduced appropriately)				
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to +60°C				
Enclosure	IP20				
Relative Humidity	< 95% (N.C.)				
Altitude	<4000M (If the altitude exceeds 2000 meters, the actual output				
Ailitude	power is reduced appropriately)				
Mechanical parameters					
Dimension (Length x Width x	590mm × 288mm × 163mm				
Height)					
Mounting size (Length x Width)	568mm x 245mm				
Mounting hole size	Ф9mm/Ф10mm				
Net Weight	14 Kg				

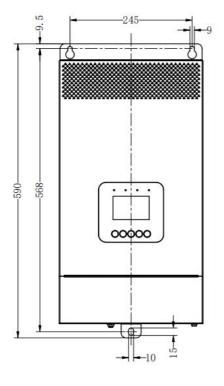
Model	HP3542-AH0650P20SA	HP5542-AH1050P20SA			
Utility input					
Utility Voltage	176VAC to 264VAC (Default)				
Othicy voicage	90VAC to 280VAC (Configurable)				
Utility Frequency	45Hz to 65Hz				
Maximum Utility Charging Current	60A	100A			
	Switch Response Time – Inverter to Utility: 10ms				
Switch Response Time	Switch Response Time - Utility to Inverter (when the load				
	power is higher than 100W): 20ms				
Inverter output					
Inverter Rated Power (@30°C)	3500W	5500W			
3-second Transient Surge Output Power	7000W	8500W			
Inverter Output Voltage	220/230VAC±3%				
Inverter Frequency	50/60Hz±0.2%				
Output Voltage Waveform	Pure sine wave				
Load Power Factor	0.2−1(VA ≤ Rated output power)				
THDu (Total Harmonic Voltage	≤3% (48V resistive load)				
Distortion)					

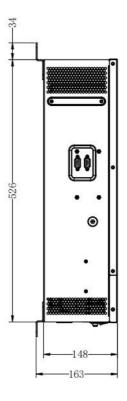
Maximum Load Efficiency	92%	92%		
Maximum Inverter Efficiency	94%	94%		
Parallel Function	Yes, 12 units in standard, 16 units at most			
Solar controller				
PV Maximum Open-circuit	500V (At minimum operating environment temperature)			
Voltage .	440V (At 25°C)			
MPPT Voltage Range	85V to 400V			
PV Maximum Input Power	4000W	6000W		
MPPT Input Channels	One way	Two ways		
PV Maximum Input Current	One way, 13A	Two ways, 2x15A		
PV Maximum Short-circuit		Two ways, 2x18A		
Current	One way, 15A			
PV Maximum Charging Current	60A	100A		
MPPT Maximum efficiency		≥99.5%		
Battery				
Battery Rated Voltage		48VDC		
Battery Work Voltage Range	43.2VDC to 60.0VDC			
Battery Maximum Charging	60A	100A		
Current	00/4	TOUA		
Others				
	<0.7A	<1.0 A		
No-load Losses	Test condition: Utility, PV and Load are not connected, AC			
	output is ON, fan stops, @48V input			
	<0.5A	<0.75A		
Standby Current	Test condition: Utility, PV and Load are not connected, AC			
	output is OFF, fan stops, @48V input			
Work Temperature Range	-20°C to +50°C (When the environment temperature exceeds			
	30°C, the actual output power is reduced appropriately)			
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to +60°C			
Enclosure	IP20			
Relative Humidity	< 95% (N.C.)			
Altitude	<4000M (If the altitude exceeds 2000 meters, the actual output			
	power is reduced appropriately)			
Mechanical parameters				
Dimension (Length x Width x	534mm × 288mm ×	590mm × 288mm × 163mm		
Height)	163mm			
Mounting size (Length x Width)	512mm x 245mm	568mm x 245mm		
Mounting hole size				
Net Weight	Ф9mm/Ф10mm 12.0Kg	Ф9mm/Ф10mm 14.8Kg		

9 Dimensions

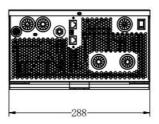
Model: HP3522-AH1250P20SA (Unit: mm)

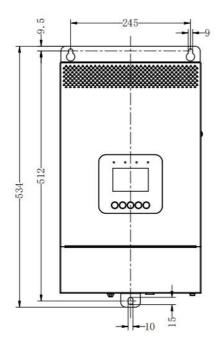


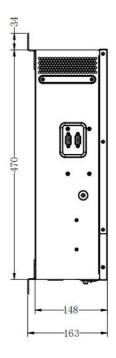




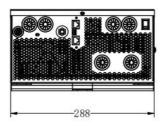
Model: HP3542-AH0650P20SA (Unit: mm)

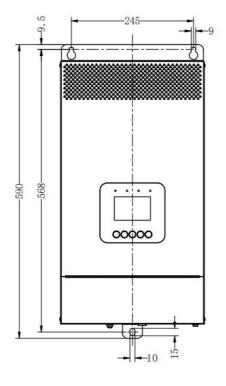


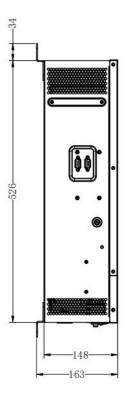




Model: HP5542-AH1050P20SA (Unit: mm)







Any changes without prior notice! Version number: V1.3

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